

 Our Ref:
 Magiq ID: 153962 File: P6-23 & 04410-00000-000
 JMN

 Your Ref:
 TP23/5202

NEGOTIATED DECISION NOTICE APPROVAL

(Given under section 63 (2) of the Planning Act 2016)

13 August 2024

Australian Leisure & Hospitality Group Pty Ltd C/- Bartley Burns 10/16 Metroplex Avenue MURRARRIE QLD 4172

Attention: Mr Ben Lewis

Dear Mr Lewis

I wish to advise that 12 August 2024, a decision was made to issue a Negotiated Decision Notice to amend Condition 7 and delete Condition 20 under Section 76 (3) of the *Planning Act 2016*.

APPLICANT DETAILS*

Applicant name:	Australian Leisure & Hospitality Group Pty Ltd C/- Bartley Burns
Applicant contact details:	Ben@bartlyburns.com
APPLICATION DETAILS	
Application number:	P06-23
Approval sought:	Material Change of Use
Nature of development proposed:	Extension to Existing Hotel and (Bottle) Shop
Description of the development proposed:	Internal Renovations to an Existing Hotel and a New Enclosed Bottle Shop and Drive-Thru

LOCATION DETAILS

Street address:	55 Barkly Highway
Real property description:	Lot 1 on plan MPH7977
Local government area:	Mount Isa City

*Mount Isa City Council is collecting your personal information on this form in order to comply with its responsibilities and obligations as a Local Government. The information will only be accessed by authorised Council employees who have a legitimate need for the information to process applications, requests etc. Your personal information will not be given to any other person or agency unless you have given us permission to do so or we are required to do so by law. **DECISION**

DECISION	
Date of decision:	13/08/2024
Decision details:	approved in full with conditions* (refer to the conditions contained in Attachment 1)
	*Note: The conditions show which conditions have been imposed by the assessment manager and which conditions have been imposed by a referral agency.

NATURE OF CHANGES

Through Delegated Authority (Delegation No. 2057), on 13 August 2024, the Chief Executive Officer decided to issue the following type of approval:

Negotiated Approval for Material Change of Use (Extension to Existing Hotel and Shop) at 55 Barkly , Mount Isa.

In relation to representations, the Chief Executive Officer resolved to:

(A) Condition 7 of Council Decision Notice issued 24 June 2024 be amended as follows

7.	The 142 onsite carparking spaces as per plan, Proposed Site Plan –	
	Project No 2033 Dwg No. A00.05 Issue J Prepared by Cayas +	
	Ward, shall be provided and maintained for the life of the	
	development;	

AND

(B) Condition 20 of the Council Decision Notice issued 24 June 2024 is deleted

AND

(C) Conditions are renumbered

DETAILS OF APPROVAL

This application is \Box / is not \boxtimes taken to have been approved (a deemed approval) under section 64(5) of the *Planning Act 2016*.

	Planning Regulation 2017 reference	Development Permit	Preliminary Approval
 Development assessable under the planning scheme, superseded planning scheme, a temporary local planning instrument, a master plan or a preliminary approval which includes a variation approval Building Work Not Associated with a Material Change or Use Plumbing or Drainage Work Material Change of Use Reconfiguration of a Lot Operational Work 			

CONDITIONS

This approval is subject to the conditions in Attachment 1.

FURTHER DEVELOPMENT PERMITS

Please be advised that the following development permits are required to be obtained before the development can be carried out:

- 1. Building Permit
- 2. Plumbing Permit
- 3. Works on Council Property Approval for any works outside the property boundaries
- 4. Operational Works for Advertising Devices

FURTHER ADVICE

1. A Negotiated Infrastructure Charges Notice has been issued for this development.

REFERRAL AGENCY FOR THE APPLICATION

The referral agencies for this application are:

For an application involving	Name of referral agency	Advice agency or concurrence agency	Address
Development Impacting on State Transport infrastructure & Material Change of Use of Premise near state-controlled road	Department of Transport and Main Road C- State Assessment Referral Agency	Concurrency	Po Box 5666 Townsville QLD 4810 <u>NQSARA@disilgp.qld.go</u> <u>v.au</u>

APPROVED PLANS AND SPECIFICATIONS

Copies of the following plans, specifications and / or drawings are enclosed.

Drawing/report title	Prepared by	Date	Reference no.	Version/issue
Aspect of development: Material Change of Use				
Planning Report	Bartley Burns	30.10.2023	TP23/5202	1

Traffic Impact Assessment	Modus Transport and Traffic Engineering	12/04/2024	MOD23393QL D	A
Proposed Site Plan	Cayas + Ward	12/04/2024	Project No. 2033, Dwg No. A002.05	J
Proposed Ground Floor Plan	Cayas + Ward	23.10.2023	Project No. 2033, Dwg No. A10.20	Н
Proposed First Floor Plan	Cayas + Ward	25.10.2023	Project No. 2033, Dwg No. A10.22	D
Proposed Roof Plan	Cayas + Ward	25.10.2023	Project No. 2033, Dwg No. A12.02	E
Proposed Elevations	Cayas + Ward	25.10.2023	Project No. 2033, Dwg No. A20.02	F
Barkly Hotel, Mt Isa- Landscaping Concept (as amended in red)	Jeremy Ferrier Landscape Architect	April 2024	Dwg No. 2023- 068 SK01	A
Barkly Hotel, Mt Isa- Landscaping Concept	Jeremy Ferrier Landscape Architect	April 2024	Dwg No. 2023- 068 SK02	A

CURRENCY PERIOD FOR THE APPROVAL (Section 85 of the Planning Act 2016)

Six (6) years from the date of the Decision Notice.

STATEMENT OF REASONS

1. Reasons for the Decision

The reasons for this decision are:

- The proposed development was an impact assessable development for the zone; and
- Assessment of the development against the relevant zone purpose, planning scheme codes and planning scheme policies demonstrates that the proposed development will not cause significant adverse impacts on the surrounding natural environment, built environment and infrastructure, community facilities, or local character and amenity, or can be conditioned to comply with the relevant code requirements; and
- The changes are occurring within a long-established existing development; and
- The proposed development complies or can be conditioned to comply with the relevant State Planning Policy and the North Queensland Regional Plan.

The evidence or other material on which the findings were based are:

- The development application material; and
- The City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme 2020; and
- State Planning Policy; and
- North Queensland Regional Plan; and
- Observations made by Council officers on a site inspection of the property.
- 2. Assessment Benchmarks

The following are the benchmarks applying for this development:

Benchmarks applying for the development	Benchmark reference
Mixed use zone code	City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme 2020 Part 6- Other Zone Categories- 6.7.2
Centre and entertainment activities code	City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme 2020 Part 9 - Use Codes - 9.3.1 –
Engineering works and services code	City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme 2020 Part 9 -Other Development Codes – 9.4.2
Parking, access and loading code	City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme 2020 – Part 9 -Other Development Codes – 9.4.6
Landscaping Code	City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme 2020- Part 9 -Other Development Codes – 9.4.5
Excavation and filling code	City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme 2020 Part 9 -Other Development Codes – 9.4.3
Major infrastructure overlay code	City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme 2020 Part 8 -Overlay Codes – 8.2.4
Airport environs overlay code	City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme 2020 Part 8 -Overlay Codes – 8.2.1

3. Compliance with Benchmarks

Benchmark reference	Reasons for the approval despite non- compliance with benchmark
Centre and entertainment activities code	
PO 18	
On-site car parking does not dominate the frontage of the premises and maintain the amenity of the street and adjacent properties.	Parking spaces being between the main frontage and road is an existing arrangement, but newly proposed landscaping will improve the amenity of the street.
Landscaping code	
PO 2	
Development is to have an area of the allotment appropriately landscaped to enhance its appearance and provide an adequate level of amenity for occupants and adjoining land uses	Proposed landscaping enhances the appearance of the development which has been somewhat lacking in parts over the recent years.

Parking, access and loading code •	
PO 3	
Driveway widths are minimised to maintain amenity and character of local area.	The continued use of the existing crossover is not considered to have a negative impact on the amenity of the local area.
PO 4	
Sufficient parking spaces are provided for the number and type of vehicles likely to be associated with the development.	The formalisation of 142 car spaces is considered to be sufficient for both the proposed development and existing uses

4. Relevant matters for Impact Assessable Development

The following matters were given regard to or assessment carried out against, in undertaking the assessment of this development application.

Other relevant matters to the assessment of the development under section 45(5)(b)		Assessment carried out against or assessment had regard to
General Environmental Duty	Environmental Protection Act 1994	assessed against
		⊠ had regard to

5. Matters Prescribed by Regulation

- The State Planning Policy Part E
- North Queensland Regional Plan
- City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme 2020

APPEAL RIGHTS

:

The rights of an applicant to appeal to a tribunal or the Planning and Environment Court against a decision about a development application are set out in chapter 6, part 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*. For particular applications, there may also be a right to make an application for a declaration by a tribunal (see chapter 6, part 2 of the *Planning Act 2016*).

<u>APPEAL BY AN APPLICANT</u>

An applicant for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against the following:

- the refusal of all or part of the development application
- a provision of the development approval
- the decision to give a preliminary approval when a development permit was applied for
- a deemed refusal of the development application.

An applicant may also have a right to appeal to the Development tribunal. For more information, see schedule 1 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

<u>APPEAL BY A SUBMITTER</u>

A submitter for a development application may appeal to the Planning and Environment Court against:

- any part of the development application for the development approval that required impact assessment
- a variation request.

The timeframes for starting an appeal in the Planning and Environment Court are set out in section 229 of the *Planning Act 2016*.

Attachment 3 is an extract from the *Planning Act 2016* that sets down the applicant's appeal rights and the appeal rights of a submitter.

Should you have any further queries, please contact Council's Development and Land Use section on (07) 4747 3200.

Yours faithfully

Tim Rose Chief Executive Officer

CC: <u>NQSARA@disilgp.qld.gov.au</u>

Encl: Attachment 1—Conditions of the approval

Part 1-Conditions imposed by the Assessment Manager (Mount Isa City Council)

Attachment 2 – Approved Plans Attachment 3—Extract on Appeal Rights (Planning Act 2016)

ATTACHMENT 1

PART 1

CONDITIONS IMPOSED BY ASSESSMENT MANAGER (MOUNT ISA CITY COUNCIL)

<u>Application</u>: P06-23 for a Material Change of Use (Extension to Existing Hotel and Shop) at 55 Barkly , Mount Isa.

Council advise that the Development Application was approved by Mount Isa City Council's Chief Executive Officer through Delegated Authority (Delegated Authority No. 2057) on 13 August 2024 for the Material Change of Use (Extension to Existing Hotel and (Bottle) Shop) at 55 Barkly Highway, Mount Isa, described as Lot 1 on plan MPH7977, subject to the following conditions:

NUMBER	CONDITION	TIMING
PLANNING	3	
General		
	The development shall be carried out generally in accordance with the approved documents, plans and drawings attached to this approval except where conditions of this approval dictate otherwise	At all times
1.	For clarity, any change to the development that is not generally in accordance with the approved plans and drawings must be approved by Council pursuant to a 'change application" under Chapter 3, Part 5, Division 2, Subdivision 2 of the Planning Act 2016	
2.	2. The owner/developer shall bear the cost of all alterations necessary to public utility mains, services or installations necessitated by this approval and such works shall be to Council specifications and satisfaction	
Amenity		
3. All lighting is to be designed in accordance with AS 4282: Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting so as not to cause a nuisance to the surrounding residential properties;		At all times
4. Services and utilities such as air conditioners, refrigeration and ventilation plant/equipment, hot water systems and garbage bin storage areas are to be screened from public view, where directly visible from a public area;		At all times

5.	The premises must be kept tidy and all buildings, fences, landscaping and paved or sealed surfaces must be maintained in good condition at all times;	At all times				
6.	A lockable tap shall be provided on the front of the Bottle Shop to allow cleaning of the development frontage;	Prior to commencement of use				
7.	The 142 onsite carparking spaces as per plan, Proposed Site Plan – Project No 2033 Dwg No. A00.05 Issue J Prepared by Cayas + Ward, shall be provided and maintained for the life of the development ;	At all times				
Landscaping						
8.	All landscaping (including the verges) shall be installed in accordance with the approved Landscaping Plan <i>prior to the commencement of use</i>	As specified				
9.	The owner shall install an automatic water irrigation system to all landscaping (including the verge) to promote healthy robust growth;	Prior to commencement of use				
10.	The owner/developer shall adequately maintain the landscaping and irrigation system in accordance with the approved Landscaping Plan and ensure it is neat and tidy at all times and not overgrown and/or unsightly;	At all times				
Environme	ntal Health					
11.	 The operator must achieve the 'general environmental duty' to mitigate any environmental harm and/or nuisance described under the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>. (a) there is no discharge of contaminants to land or water that may harm the environment or create a nuisance from the operation of the activity. (b) there is discharge of contaminants to air that may harm the environment or create a nuisance from the operation of the activity. (c) noise nuisance is prevented or minimised at noise sensitive places. (d) Waste production and disposal must be minimised, and waste must be managed so it does not harm the environment or create a nuisance from the operation of the activity. 	At all times				
12.	Chemicals and other liquids such as fuels, solvents, oils, batteries, and coolants must be kept within a secondary containment system that is impervious to the materials stored within it and must be managed to prevent the release of contaminants to waters or land or air. Bunding must be installed for any liquid-based substances that is kept in a secondary containment system to prevent spilling. Any release must be reported to the Department of Environment and Science (DES) Pollution Hotline or Council. Any such release must be reported as soon as practicable but no later than 24 hours, after becoming aware of the release.	At all times				

13.	Any asbestos containing material handled during construction and demolition must be handled according to the provisions of the "How to Manage and Control Asbestos in the Workplace Code of Practice 2011"	During Construction/At all times				
14.	The release of dust and/or particulate matter resulting from the activity must not cause environmental harm or cause environmental nuisance at any nuisance sensitive or commercial place.	At all times				
15.	The release of dust and particulate matter from parking and driveway from vehicle activities. Parking facilities and driveways access must be hard surface to avoid dust and particulate matter entering the air.	At all times				
16.	A contaminant must not be placed in a position where it could reasonably be expected to move or wash into a roadside gutter, stormwater drain or waters i.e., Leichhardt River.					
17.	Prevent/minimise the emission of noise that causes or is likely to cause environmental nuisance at sensitive or commercial place.	During Construction/At all times				
	All work must be undertaken within the prescribed timeframe as per the <i>Environmental Protection Act 1994</i>					
ENGINEE	RING					
General						
18.	Prior to commencement of works, identify and locate other underground services through 'Dial Before You Dig 1100' for any relevant requirements. Do not bury any services pits under any circumstances;As specified					
Access, G	rades, Maneuvering, Carparks and Signs					
	Provide, construct and delineate or sign (as required) the following requirements as indicated on the approved plans:	Prior to commencement of use				
	 a) Pavement (including associated drainage) to any new areas where motor vehicles will be driven or parked, vehicle access and carpark areas are to have a durable, dust free surface. This requires all surfaces to be sealed, concreted or paved. b) Crossovers in accordance with Australian Standards 					
19.	AS2890.1;					
	 c) Carparking, internal driveways and manoeuvring in accordance with AS/NZS 2890.1 (Off-street Car Parking): 					
	 Disabled car parking shall be provided in accordance with AS/NZS 2890.6 and AS 1428.1 (Design for Access and Mobility). 					
	ii. The internal paved areas are to be signed and delineated in accordance with AS 1742, Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices					

	 Install pedestrian pathways or speed limit signage to protect customers walking between the parking areas and the hotel and shop 			
20.	The area to east of the Barkly Hotel (along Rosemary Avenue) is to be surfaced in a compacted road base and suppressed on a regular basis to reduce dust	At all times		
Stormwate	r			
21.	Prior to commencement of use and then to be maintained, stormwater runoff from roof and paved areas of the development site are to be collected internally and directed to a legal point of discharge. Ensure non- worsening of the existing flow regime to properties that are upstream and downstream of the site;As specific As specific			
Waste				
22.	 Refuse container storage areas are: (a) located on-site; and (b) not located within any required setback or landscaping areas; and (c) not located within a <i>flood hazard area</i>; and (d) screened from public view, by a solid fence or wall that is 1.8 metres in height, measured from finished ground level; and (e) provided on an imperviously sealed pad that drains to an approved waste disposal system; and (f) provided with a tap; and large enough to accommodate at least one standard industrial refuse bin of a size appropriate to the nature and scale of the refuse generated by the use 	Prior to the commencement of use		
COMPLIANCE WITH CONDITIONS				
23.	The owner/developer shall contact Council to arrange a compliance inspection of the property to assess compliance with all Conditions of Approval and the approved plans.In six of the or oth deter			

The applicant is reminded that, in addition to the conditions of this permit, compliance is required with all applicable Commonwealth and Queensland legislation.

Materials used in the assessment of the application included:

- The development application material and submitted plans
- Information Request Response and Further Advice Response
- Planning Act 2016
- Planning Regulation 2017
- The State Development Assessment Provisions (version 2.4), as published by the department
- The Development Assessment Rules

The assessment of this application has not included an examination of the compliance with applicable legislation, with the exception of those aspects which have been examined by any referral agency, and the issue of the permit is not to be taken as evidence or assertion of such compliance.

ATTACHMENT 1

Part 2

CONDITIONS IMPOSED BY

CONCURRENCE AGENCY

(Department of Housing, Local Government, Planning and Public Works))

<u>Application</u>: P06-23 for a Material Change of Use for Changes to Existing Hotel and (Bottle) Shop) at 55 Barkly Highway, Mount Isa.

(SARA Letter dated 2 May 2024, Application/Reference No: 2312-38082 SRA refers, copy attached).



SARA reference: 2312-38082 SRA Council reference: P06-23 Applicant reference: TP23/5202

2 May 2024

Chief Executive Officer Mount Isa City Council PO Box 815 Mount Isa QLD 4825 city@mountisa.qld.gov.au

Attention: Development and Land Use Team

Dear Sir/Madam

SARA referral agency response—55 Barkly Highway, Miles End

(Referral agency response given under section 56 of the Planning Act 2016)

The development application described below was confirmed as properly referred by the State Assessment and Referral Agency (SARA) on 21 December 2023.

Response

Referral agency response – with conditions
2 May 2024
The conditions in Attachment 1 must be attached to any development approval
Advice to the applicant is in Attachment 2
The reasons for the referral agency response are in Attachment 3

Development details

Description:	Development permit	Material Change of Use for Extension to Existing Hotel and (Bottle) Shop
SARA role:	Referral agency	
SARA trigger: Schedule 10, Part 9, Division 4, Subdivision 1, Table 1, Item 1 Development impacting on state transport infrastructure.		

	Schedule 10, Part 9, Division 4, Subdivision 2, Table 4, Item 1— Material Change of Use of premises near a state-controlled road (Planning Regulation 2017)
SARA reference:	2312-38082 SRA
Assessment manager:	Mount Isa City Council
Street address:	55 Barkly Highway, Miles End
Real property description:	1MPH7977
Applicant name:	Australian Leisure and Hospitality Group Pty Limited c/- Bartley Burns
Applicant contact details:	Unit 10, 16 Metroplex Avenue Murarrie QLD 4172 courtney@bartleyburns.com.au
State-controlled road access permit:	 This referral included an application for a road access location, under section 62A(2) of <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i>. Below are the details of the decision: Approved Reference: TMR24-041426 Date: 1 May 2024 If you are seeking further information on the road access permit, please contact the Department of Transport and Main Roads at North.Queensland.IDAS@tmr.qld.gov.au
<i>Human Rights Act 2019</i> considerations:	A consideration of the <i>Human Rights Act 2019</i> sections 15 to 35 has been undertaken as part of this response. It has been determined that this response does not limit human rights.

Representations

An applicant may make representations to a concurrence agency, at any time before the application is decided, about changing a matter in the referral agency response (s.30 Development Assessment Rules). Copies of the relevant provisions are in **Attachment 4**.

A copy of this response has been sent to the applicant for their information.

For further information please contact Helena Xu, Senior Planning Officer, on (07) 3452 6724 or via email NQSARA@dsdilgp.qld.gov.au who will be pleased to assist.

Yours sincerely

ghenna

Graeme Kenna Manager (Planning)

cc Australian Leisure and Hospitality Group Pty Limited c/- Bartley Burns, courtney@bartleyburns.com.au

enc Attachment 1 - Referral agency conditions Attachment 2 - Advice to the applicant Attachment 3 - Reasons for referral agency response Attachment 4 - Representations about a referral agency response provisions Attachment 5 - Documents referenced in conditions

Attachment 1—Referral agency conditions

(Under section 56(1)(b)(i) of the *Planning Act 2016* the following conditions must be attached to any development approval relating to this application) (Copies of the documents referenced below are found at Attachment 5)

No.	Conditions	Condition timing
Mater	ial Change of Use—Extension to Hotel/Shop	
admin Main F	2.4.1—Material Change of Use of premises near a state-cor istering the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> nominates the Director-Gener Roads to be the enforcement authority for the development to s for the administration and enforcement of any matter relatin	al of Department of Transport and which this development approval
1.	 The proposed development, including car parking layout, posight splays and onsite queuing availability must be provide in accordance with: Proposed Site Plan, prepared by Cayas+Ward, dated N reference 2033/A00.05, issue J. 	ed generally
	 Vehicle Sight Distance and Pedestrian Sight Splays, pr MODUS, dated 11 April 2024 reference MOD23393QLI revision A. 	
2.	Stormwater management of the development must not cause worsening to the operating performance of the State-contro such that any works on the land must not:	
	i. Create any new discharge points for stormwater run State-controlled Road.	noff onto the
	ii. Concentrate or increase the velocity of flows to the controlled Road.	State-
	iii. Interfere with and/or cause damage to the existing drainage on the State-controlled Road.	stormwater
	iv. Reduce the quality of stormwater discharge onto th controlled Road.	e State-
	v. Impede or interfere with any overland flow or hydra conveyance from the State-controlled Road.	ulic
3.	(a) The road access locations, are to be located generally accordance with Proposed Site Plan, prepared by Caya dated March 2023, reference 2033/A00.05, issue J.	
	(b) Road access works (at the road access locations) components of the separate entry only and exit only crossovers must be progenerally in accordance with	
	 Proposed Site Plan, prepared by Cayas+Ward, da 2023, reference 2033/A00.05, issue J. 	ated March
	ii. Line Marking and Signage Plan, prepared by MO 11 April 2024 reference MOD23393QLD-SK10, re	evision A.
	iii. Vehicle Sight Distance and Pedestrian Sight Spla prepared by MODUS, dated 11 April 2024 referer MOD23393QLD-Sk11, revision A.	
	(c) The road access work must be designed and construct	ed in

	accordance with:	
	 Department of Transport and Main Roads' Road Planning and Design Manual, Second Edition. 	
	ii. Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).	
	iii. Mount Isa City Council's standard drawings.	
4.	Signage including and directional line marking identifying entry and exit movement restrictions is to be installed at the access locations as identified on Line Marking and Signage Plan, prepared by MODUS, dated 11 April 2024 reference MOD23393QLD-SK10, revision A and in accordance with the Department of Transport and Main Roads' <i>Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices</i>	Prior to the commencement of use

Attachment 2—Advice to the applicant

Gen	eral advice
1.	Terms and phrases used in this document are defined in the <i>Planning Act 2016</i> , its regulation or the State Development Assessment Provisions (SDAP) (version 3.0). If a word remains undefined it has its ordinary meaning.
2.	Road Access Works Approval Under section 33 of the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> , written approval is required from the Department of Transport and Main Roads to carry out road works, including road access works, on a state-controlled road. Please contact the Department of Transport and Main Roads via email <u>Cloncurry.Corridor@tmr.qld.gov.au</u> to make an application for road works approval. This approval must be obtained prior to commencing any works on the state-controlled road reserve.
	The approval process may require the approval of engineering designs of the proposed works, certified by a Registered Professional Engineer of Queensland (RPEQ). Please contact the Department of Transport and Main Roads' as soon as possible to ensure that gaining approval does not delay construction.
	When seeking written approval under section 33 of the <i>Transport Infrastructure Act 1994</i> , the applicant must provide a safe new location for the existing road signage and/or traffic control devices being relocated by the proposed road works.

Attachment 3—Reasons for referral agency response

(Given under section 56(7) of the Planning Act 2016)

The reasons for the SARA's decision are:

The proposed development is considered to achieve the relevant assessment benchmarks of State code 1 of SDAP. Specifically the development

- does not increase the likelihood or frequency of accidents, fatalities or serious injury for users of state-controlled road;
- does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of state-controlled road;
- does not adversely impact road transport infrastructure, public passenger transport infrastructure or active transport infrastructure;
- does not adversely impact the function and efficiency of state-controlled road;
- does not adversely impact the state's ability to plan, construct, maintain, upgrade or operate statecontrolled roads, future state-controlled roads or road transport infrastructure; and,
- does not significantly increase the cost to the state to plan, construct, upgrade or maintain statecontrolled roads, future state-controlled roads or road transport infrastructure.

The proposed development is considered to achieve the relevant assessment benchmarks of State code 6 of SDAP. Specifically the development:

- does not create a safety hazard for users of state transport infrastructure or public passenger services by increasing the likelihood or frequency of a fatality or serious injury;
- does not result in a worsening of the physical condition or operating performance of the state transport network; and,
- does not compromise the state's ability to cost-effectively construct, operate and maintain state transport infrastructure.

Material used in the assessment of the application:

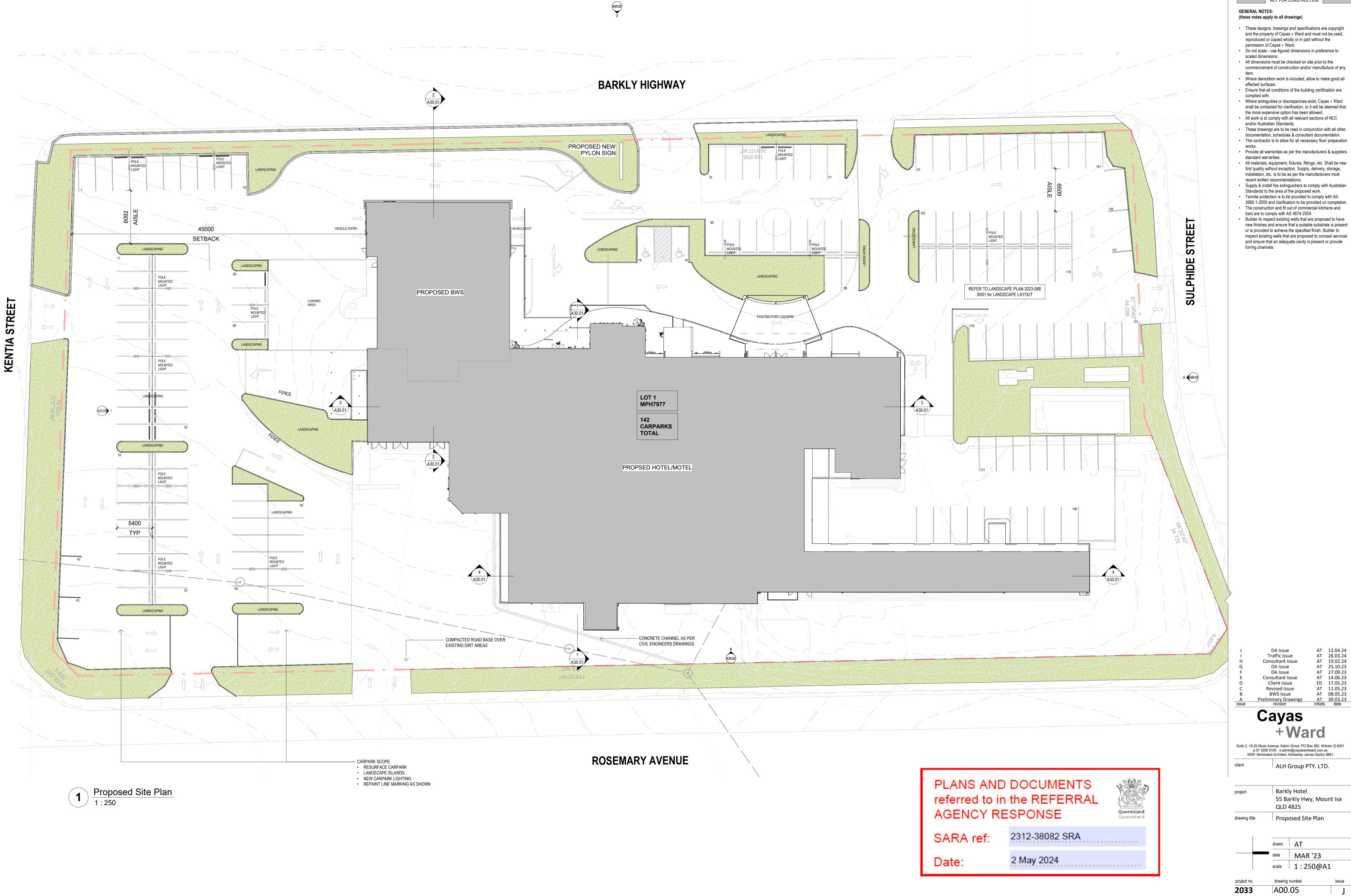
- the development application material and submitted plans
- Planning Act 2016
- Planning Regulation 2017
- the SDAP (version 3.0), as published by SARA
- the Development Assessment Rules
- SARA DA Mapping system
- section 58 of the *Human Rights Act 2019*

Attachment 4—Representations about a referral agency response provisions

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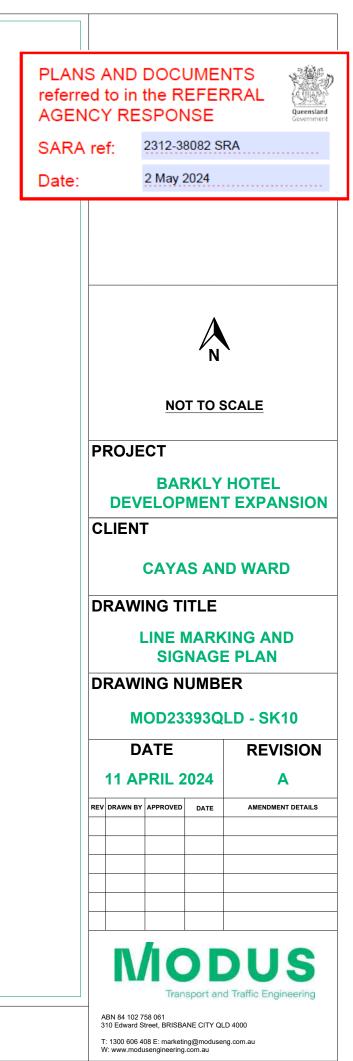
Attachment 5—Documents referenced in conditions

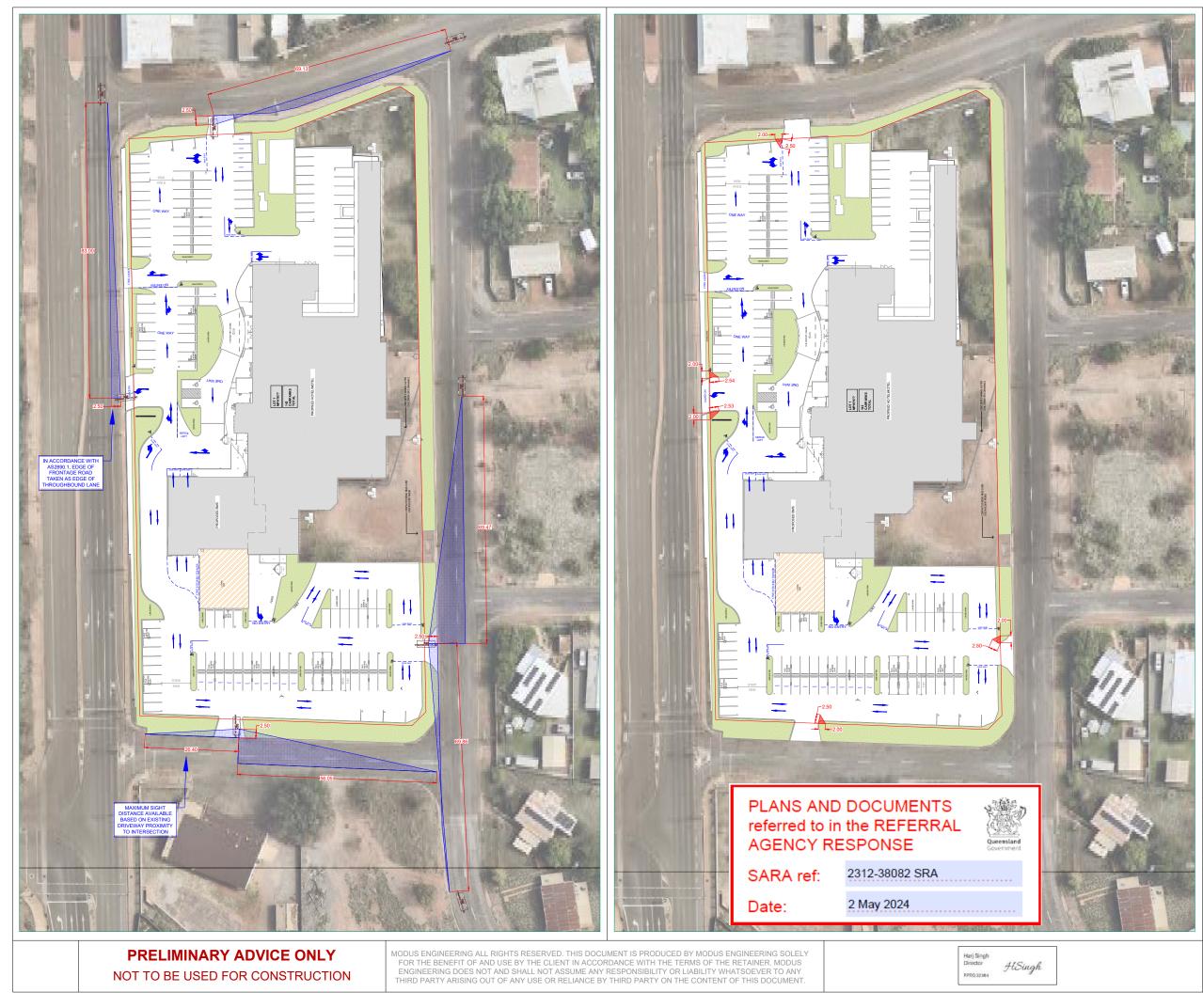
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DA NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION







	38			
C corrected		Frentase nor F		
	Distance (1) stong		frontage read	
Friendage road apout	3120	m	frontage read	
(Note 4)	Access driv	m owners other		
Frankage road bycosi (Sota 4) km/h	Access driv	m	Trentage read Domestic property access (Note 6)	
(Note 4)	Access driv than dome Desirable	m eways other dic (Note 1) Minimum	Domentic property	
(Note 4) km/h	Accoss driv than down Desirable Stagap	m armays other stic (Nots 1) Minimum SSD	Domestic property access (Note 6)	
(Note 4) km/h	Ascoss driv than domp Overrable 5 x gap 55	m eways other dic (Nota 1) Minimum SSD 36	Domentic property access (Note 6)	
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(Nots 4) km/h 40 40	Access driv than dome Desirable 3% gap 85 85 85 85	m eways other die (Nota 1) Minimum 3350 36 45 66	Domestic property access (Note 6) 30 40 35	
(Rots 4) km/k 40 60 70	Ascoss driv than down Desirable 3 x gip 85 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80	21 treays other stic (Nota f) Minimum 3350 36 45 45 66 35	Demandic property access (Nete 6) 40 55 70 95	
(Sets 4) km/h 40 	Access driv Shan down Over rable 3 x gap 80 80 80 97 97 911	n muys other dic (Nota f) Minimum 350 36 40 66 40 105	Demestic property access (Nete 6) 30 40 55 70	





PROJECT

BARKLY HOTEL DEVELOPMENT EXPANSION

CLIENT

CAYAS AND WARD

DRAWING TITLE **VEHICLE SIGHT DISTANCE** AND PEDESTRIAN SIGHT **SPLAYS**

DRAWING NUMBER

MOD23393QLD - SK11

	DATE			REVISION	
	11 APRIL 2024			Α	
REV	DRAWN BY	APPROVED	DATE	AMENDMENT DETAILS	
MODUS					

Transport and Traffic Engineering

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ATTACHMENT 2 APPROVED PLANS

PLANNING ASSESSMENT REPORT

55 Barkly Highway, Miles End QLD 4825

Development Application under the *Planning Act 2016* for: Material Change of Use and Building Work Assessable under a Planning Scheme – Extension to Hotel / Shop on land at 55 Barkly Highway, Miles End 4825 (Lot 1 on MPH 7977) for Australian Leisure and Hospitality Group Pty Limited



BEN LEWIS – SENIOR TOWN PLANNER – OCTOBER 2023



DOCUMENT CONTROL SHEET

BARTLEY BURNS

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Ρ	1300 051 189	ORIGINAL DATE	30 October 2023
Α	Unit 1, 1027 Manly Road Tingalpa QLD 4173	OF ISSUE	

DOCUMENT DETAILS

Title	Planning Assessment Report – Development Application for a Material Change of Use & Building Works assessable against a Planning Scheme - Extension to Hotel / Shop
Principal Author	Ben Lewis
Client	AUSTRALIAN LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY GROUP PTY LIMITED
Client Contact	Cayas & Ward

REVISION/CHECKING HISTORY

Date	Issued by	Checked by
30 October 2023	potto	poto
		M

MOUNT ISA CITY COUNCIL DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL Permit No.: P06-23 Type of Development: Material Change of Use Approved Use: Extension to Existing Hotel and (Bottle) Shop Approved By: Mr Tim Rose Title: Chief Executive Officer Date: 13/08/2024



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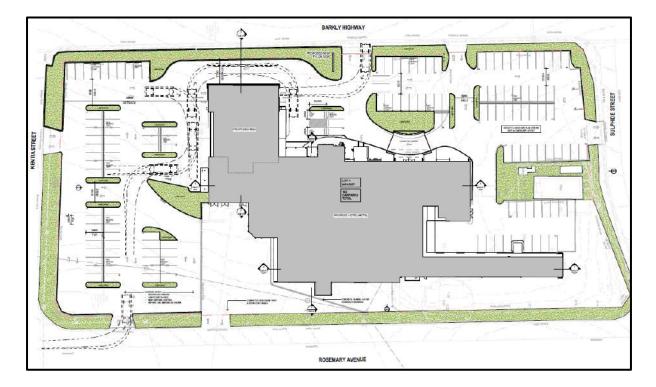
1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Bartley Burns has been engaged by AUSTRALIAN LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY GROUP PTY LIMITED (AUSTRALIAN LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY GROUP PTY LIMITED) to prepare a Development Application for Material Change of Use & Building Works assessable against a Planning Scheme - Extension to Hotel / Shop in respect of land at 55 Barkly Highway, Miles End QLD 4825.

This Planning Assessment Report provides details of the development proposal and how the proposal complies with the identified relevant assessment benchmarks.

The proposal is considered to satisfy the identified relevant assessment benchmarks and will support the existing and approved development both on the greater site surrounds and within the immediate and surrounding area.

Accordingly, the proposal warrants approval and the issuing of the relevant approval documents.



BELOW: Overall (proposed) Site Plan – Source: Cayas + Ward



2.0 BASIC INFORMATION

Real Property Description	Lot 1 on MPH 7977
Address	55 Barkly Highway, Miles End QLD 4825
Site Area	13540m²
Registered Owner	AUSTRALIAN LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY GROUP PTY LIMITED
Zone	Mixed Use
Locality	Miles End
Overlays (Relevant)	Airport Environs Overlay Code
	Major Infrastructure Overlay Code
Neighbourhood / Local Plan	Nil
Approval Type	Material Change of Use & Building Works assessable against a Planning Scheme - Extension to Hotel / Shop



Figure 1: Site Location

Source: Q Globe





3.0 PROPOSAL

The applicant, AUSTRALIAN LEISURE AND HOSPITALITY GROUP PTY LIMITED, as owner of the site, proposes to modify and extend the existing Hotel and Shop (BWS bottle shop including drive through facility) over land at 55 Barkly Highway, Miles End QLD 4825.

The proposal constitutes Material Change of Use – Extension to Hotel / Shop

"Hotel" (a) means the use of premises for— (i) selling liquor for consumption on the premises; or (ii) a dining or entertainment activity, or providing accommodation to tourists or travellers, if the use is ancillary to the use in subparagraph (i); but (b) does not include a bar.

"Shop" - means the use of premises for—(a) displaying, selling or hiring goods; or(b) providing personal services or betting to the public.

The existing development form is largely proposed for retention with the works largely constituting revamping and updating the existing site development. As part of this site update all external facades will be updated and modernised along with extensive internal replanning to provide for a modern hotel experience.

The proposal will provide for a contemporary design aesthetic that will present as a high quality architecturally designed form that provides for a positive contribution to the streetscape and surrounds.

External works to the carparking area propose to update and formalise the existing largely informal (non-line marked) hardstand parking areas.

Existing Site access is proposed to be retained in all locations. These include one each to the Barkly Highway, Kenita Street and Sulphide Street frontages and two to the Rosemary Avenue frontage of the site.



4.0 CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SITE

The development is located at 55 Barkly Highway, Miles End, otherwise described as Lot 1 on MPH 7977. The subject allotment is 13540m² in area and is roughly rectangular in shape.

The subject site occupies a full block being bordered on all sides by road frontages including Barkly Highway to the west, Kenita Street to the south, Rosemary Avenue to the east and Sulphide Street to the north.

Access to the allotment is provided from all four road frontages with one each to the Barkly Highway, Kenita Street and Sulphide Street frontages and two to the Rosemary Avenue frontage of the site.

No change to existing access points is proposed as part of the scope of works for the proposal.

Due to the developed and operational nature of the site existing service infrastructure is already provided with connections to phone, electricity, sewerage and water infrastructure all proposed to be retained and reused.

The site is included within the Mixed Use Zone under the City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme with the proposal representing a development outcome that is very much in keeping with the intent of the zone, by facilitating:

"the delivery of a development proposal that enhances the desired outcomes of the Zone through the provision of a mix of uses and activities including retail & commercial uses of a scale, character and built form that contributes to a high standard of amenity.

The location of the extended built form is considered appropriate given that the property fronts Barkly Highway and will not negatively impact on the amenity of surrounding sensitive land uses.

The subject site is in a location that is not subject to environmental constraint such as vegetation, bushfire or flooding and is appropriately supported by significant transport infrastructure that facilitates efficient and safe transport use, including safe cycling and walking opportunities, with provision of appropriate service infrastructure also readily achievable."



5.0 CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SURROUNDING AREA

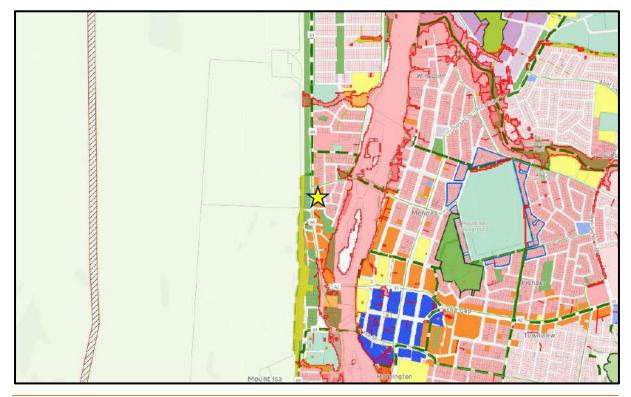
The site is situated within an established area which contains a mixture of Low Medium Density Residential Zoned lands along with Mixed Used Zoned lands and greenspace areas, generally in the form of Environmental Management and Conservation Zoned lands.

The surrounding built form is generally limited to one to two storey built forms.

The Central hub of Mount is a is located to the south east of the subject site. Refer map below for details (the subject site is identified by the yellow star).

What is immediately apparent upon review of the below is the hard line that the Barkley Highway forms for development in the conventional sense, with all residential, commercial and community based development being located to the eastern side of the highway and all resource related activities located to the western side of the Highway.

Given the existing and ongoing use nature of the proposal, it is submitted that the renovated development outcome will continue to form a positive and enhanced contribution to the streetscape and surrounds.



BELOW: Zoning map for the surrounds indicating the "Use" context withinin which the proposal sits

Figure 2: Surrounding development pattern

Source: City of Mt Isa Planning Scheme 2020



6.0 STATE PLANNING INSTRUMENTS

6.1 STATE PLANNING POLICY

The proposal will not conflict with any of the policies in the *State Planning Policy*. The City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme identifies under Part 2, State Planning Provisions that:

The Minister has identified that the state planning policy dated April 2016 is integrated in the planning scheme in the following ways:

State interests in the state planning policy appropriately integrated: All

State interests in state planning policy not integrated: Nil

State interests in state planning policy not relevant to Mount Isa City Council Coastal environment, Strategic ports

6.2 NORTH WEST QUEENSLAND REGIONAL PLAN

Part 2 of the City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme confirms that the Minister has identified that the planning scheme, specifically the strategic framework, appropriately advances the North West Queensland Regional Plan as it applies in the planning scheme area.

The proposal presents no conflict with the intent for development on the subject site as envisaged under the Regional Plan.

6.3 REFERRAL AGENCIES

The proposal is identified as requiring referral under the *Planning Regulation 2017* due to proximity to a State Controlled Road.

Refer below for mapping image confirming proximity trigger for the State Controlled Road Referral to SARA.

55 Barkly Highway, Miles End QLD 4825 PLANNING ASSESSMENT REPORT



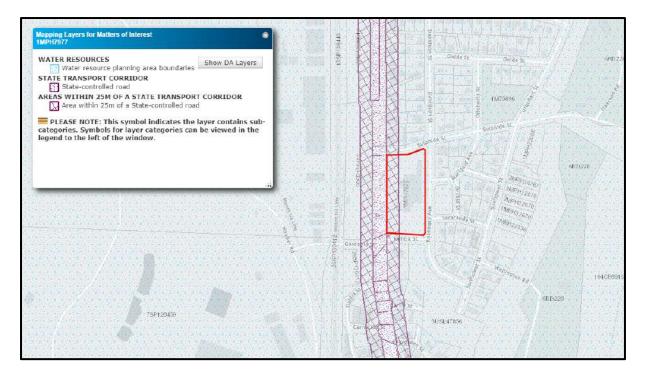


Figure 3: Site Location

Source: Q Globe

6.4 APPROVAL HISTORY

No recent Development Approvals are identified on Council's Development Approvals and Applications Register. It is assumed the current Approval for the site predates the establishment of the digital Register. The proposal is therefore presented as an extension to the existing defined use types on the subject site.



7.0 LOCAL PLANNING INSTRUMENTS

7.1 CITY OF MOUNT ISA PLANNING SCHEME

7.1.1 Strategic Framework

The proposal will not conflict with any of the themes in the Strategic Framework of *City Plan 2014*.

7.1.2 Category of Assessment

The site is located within the Mixed Use Zone.

Table 5.5.12 – Mixed use Zone deems a *Material Change of Use* for Extension to a *Hotel* and *Shop* is deemed to require *Impact Assessable* development.

Section 5.7 Categories of development and assessment – Building work, identifies that within the Mixed Use Zone, Building Work is deemed Accepted Development under the Planning Scheme, *except where located within the Major infrastructure overlay, Heritage overlay and Lake Moondarra environs overlay.*

Relevant Overlays, respective Levels of Assessment and identified relevant Assessment Benchmarks

Table 5.10.1 - Assessment Criteria for Overlays

The overlays for the planning scheme identified as relevant to the proposal are limited to the *Airport Environs Overlay* and the *Major Infrastructure Overlay* only.

Table 5.10.1 does not include circumstances where the *Airport Environs Overlay* triggers Assessment against the Overlay Code.

The subject site is located in an area that is impacted by the *Obstacle Limitation Surface Area*, the *Obstacle Limitation Surface Contours*, along with the *Lighting Area Buffer (6km)* and the *Wildlife Hazard Buffer Zone* elements only.

Whilst not considered to be of specific relevance to the assessment of the proposal, the *Airport Environs Overlay Code* is addressed in Appendix A (below) for completeness.

Table 5.10.1. provides for circumstances in which the *Major Infrastructure Overlay* requires assessment.

Works for Material Change of Use and Building works are both identified as requiring Code Assessment against the Assessment Benchmarks of the *Major Infrastructure Overlay Code* in this



instance due to the works being located within 25m of State Trasport Infrastructure, being the State Controlled Road of the Barkly Highway.

The Major Infrastructure Overlay Code is addressed in Appendix A (below) of this report.

7.1.3 Relevant Codes

Under Part 5 of the *City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme*, the proposal is identified as being 'Impact Assessable' development with the applicable assessment benchmarks for this application deemed to be contained within the following codes:

- Mixed Use Zone Code
- Airport Environs Overlay Code
- Major Infrastructure Overlay Code

7.1.4 Development Codes

Under Part 5 of the *City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme*, the proposal is identified as being 'Impact Assessable' development with the following Development Codes deemed to potentially contain relevant Assessment Benchmarks for the proposal:

- Centre and entertainment activities code
- Engineering works and services code
- Excavation and filling code
- Water quality code
- Landscaping code
- Parking access and loading code

7.1.5 Relevant State Codes

The following are identified as the relevant State Codes applicable to the proposal:

- SDAP State Code 1 Development in a state-controlled road environment
- SDAP State Code 6 Protection of state transport networks

7.1.6 Relevant Planning Scheme Policies

Under the *City of Mount Isa Planning Scheme*, the following Planning Scheme Policies are deemed applicable:

Engineering works & services planning scheme policy;



The requirements of this Planning Scheme Policy are addressed and contained in the attached Civil Engineering Services Report prepared by L+R Engineers Managers Scientists report. Refer to report for details.



8.0 CONCLUSION

The proposal is consistent with the intent of the Mixed Use Zone and contains no elements of conflict to the provisions of the identified applicable Overlays for the site.

Accordingly the proposal represents substantial compliance with the assessment benchmarks of the applicable codes, together with all applicable Overlay and Secondary Codes.

The proposal will not cause any significant impact on the surrounding area, instead providing for a positive, functional development which will satisfy user needs and enhance the surrounding environment.

In this regard, the proposal demonstrates an acceptable development outcome and, therefore, warrants approval subject to reasonable and relevant conditions.



9.0 APPENDIX A

9.1 CITY OF MOUNT ISA PLANNING SCHEME 2020 ASSESSMENT BENCHMARKS

9.1.1 Mixed Use Zone Code

Purpose and Overall Outcomes

The purpose of the Mixed use zone is to provide for a variety of uses and activities, including, for example, business, residential, retail, service industry, tourist accommodation or low impact industrial uses or activities.

The purpose of the code will be achieved through the following overall outcomes:

(1) A mix of uses and activities including retail, commercial, light industry and residential uses are provided.

(2) The scale, character and built form of development contributes to a high standard of amenity.

(3) Large scale retail uses as showroom and bulk retail activity may be considered where properties front Marion Street and the Barkly Highway, and all vehicle access is from these roads only.

(4) New non-residential activities or significant expansion of existing non-residential activities do not impact on the amenity of surrounding sensitive land uses.

(5) Development incorporates and facilitates sustainable practices including maximising energy efficiency and water conservation appropriate to Mount Isa's semi-arid environment.

(6) Development is appropriately designed and located to be responsive to the environmental constraints of the land, including, but not limited to, natural topography, vegetation, bushfire and flooding.

(7) Development is supported by appropriate open space, recreational areas to support the needs of the local community.

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(8) Development is supported by appropriately designed transport infrastructure that facilitates efficient and safe transport use, safe cycling and walking.

(9) Natural features such as creeks, gullies, waterways, wetlands and vegetation are protected from the impacts of development.

(10) Development is provided with appropriate infrastructure and services.

RESPONSE

The proposal does not compromise the purpose of the Mixed Use Zone as described above.

The proposed works will support the delivery of the above desired outcomes for the Mixed Use Zone through the delivery of a development proposal that enhances the desired outcomes of the Zone through the provision of a mix of uses and activities including retail & commercial uses of a scale, character and built form that contributes to a high standard of amenity.

The location of the extended built form is considered appropriate given that the property fronts Barkly Highway and will not negatively impact on the amenity of surrounding sensitive land uses.

The subject site is in a location that is not subject to environmental constraint such as vegetation, bushfire or flooding and is appropriately supported by significant transport infrastructure that facilitates efficient and safe transport use, including safe cycling and walking opportunities.

Provision of appropriate service infrastructure is also readily achievable.



9.1.2 Airport Environs Overlay Code

Performance Outcomes and Acceptable Outcomes (relevant provisions)

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
Development in Operational airspace, as identified	in: State Planning Policy (SPP) Interactive Mapping System	n – Infrastructure: Strategic Airports
and Aviation Facilities:		
Obstacle limitation surface contours		
Obstacle limitation surface area		
PO 1	AO 1.1	
Development does not create a permanent or temporary physical or transient obstruction in a strategic airport's operational airspace.	 Buildings and structures do not encroach into the airport's operational airspace AO 1.2 Cranes or other equipment used during construction do not encroach into the airport's operational airspace. 	The proposed building height does not extend into the operational airspace of the airport, including cranes or other utilised construction equipment.
	AO 1.3 Landscaping does not include vegetation that at maturity will encroach into the airport's operational airspace.	No landscaping capable of encroaching into the operational airspace of the airport is proposed.
	AO 1.4 Transient activities associated with development such as parachuting, hot air ballooning and hang gliding will not occur within the airport's operational airspace.	No transient activities such as parachuting, hot air ballooning or hang gliding will occur within the airport's operational airspace.

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and Aviation Facilities:		
• Light restriction zone (Zones A-D)		
Lighting area buffer 6km		
PO 2	AO 2.1	
Development does not include or create external lighting or reflective surfaces that could distract or confuse pilots.	Development within the lighting buffer zone for the strategic airport does not include any of the following types of outdoor lighting:	The proposal does not include any external lighting or reflective surfacing that could be distract or confuse pilots –
	 straight parallel lines of lighting 500 m to 1000 m long; or 	The proposal does not include straight parallel lines of lighting 500 m to 1000 m long; flare plumes;
	• flare plumes; or	upward shining lights; flashing lights; laser lights;
	 upward shining lights; or 	sodium lights; or reflective surfaces.
	• flashing lights; or	
	laser lights; or	
	• sodium lights; or	
	• reflective surfaces.	
	AO 2.2	
	Development within the lighting buffer zone for the strategic airport does not emit light that will exceed the maximum light intensity specified for the area.	
Remainder of Code not applicable		

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9.1.3 Major Infrastructure Overlay Code

Performance Outcomes and Acceptable Outcomes

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
Major energy transmission facilities		
PO 1	AO 1.1	
Development involving a <i>sensitive land use</i> is sufficiently separated from major electricity infrastructure or substations to minimise the likelihood of nuisance or complaint.	Sensitive land uses do not encroach within 20 metres of from Major electricity infrastructure or substations depicted in the Major infrastructure overlay.	The proposal does not involve sensitive land uses such as childcare, hospitals or educational establishments.
	AO 1.2	
	Development for a <i>child care centre, hospital or</i> <i>educational establishment</i> ensures that buildings and outdoor activity areas are <i>setback</i> from the most proximate boundary of an electricity transmission line easement as follows:	
	(a) A 20 metre separation distance for transmission lines between 33kV and 133kV; and	
	(b) A 30 metre separation distance for transmission lines between 133kV and 275kV; and	
	(c) A 40 metre separation distance for transmission lines greater than 275kV.	
PO 2	AO 2.1	
There is sufficient space within the site to establish landscaping which substantively assists in screening and softening obtrusive major electricity and substations.	A minimum 3-metre-wide densely planted landscaped buffer is provided along the boundary adjoining major electricity infrastructure or substations as depicted in the Major	The proposal includes a landscaped perimeter however the proposal does not include a major electricity substation.



PO 3 Major electricity infrastructure on private land is included in an easement.	 infrastructure overlay, which: (a) includes provision for advanced trees and shrubs that will grow to a minimum height of 10 metres; and (b) comprises species as outlined in Schedule 6.4: Preferred AO 3.1 Existing infrastructure easements are maintained and where none currently exist, new easements are created which are sufficient for the electricity provider's requirements. 	The proposal does not include major electricity infrastructure on privately owner lands.
State transport infrastructure		
PO 4 Development does not impact on the safety and efficiency of the state transport network.	AO 4.1 No acceptable outcome is prescribed	The proposal will not impact on the safety and efficiency of the State Transport networks. No new or changed access points are proposed to the site.
PO 5 Development does not compromise the orderly provision or upgrading of the state transport network or infrastructure.	AO 5.1 No acceptable outcome is prescribed	The proposal will not disaffect the orderly provision or upgrading of the State Transport network or infrastructure.
PO 6 Development within Transport noise corridors as depicted in the Major infrastructure overlay ; is: (a) set back from the corridor to avoid adverse impacts to the operation of the road corridor; and (b) located, designed, orientated and constructed to minimise the emission of noise, vibration and dust emissions from the State-controlled road and Railway.	AO 6.1 Development accords with the Queensland Development Code. In particular MP 4.4 – Buildings In A Transport Noise Corridor.	The proposed development will accord with he provisions of the Queensland Development Code to the extent required.

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Stock routes		
P O 7	AO 7.1	
In the rural zone, development on or adjacent to stock routes as depicted in the Major infrastructure overlay does not impact on use of stock routes for the movement and grazing of livestock.	In the Rural zone, development on or adjacent to stock routes as depicted in the Major infrastructure overlay is limited to <i>rural activities</i> which do not impede the movement and grazing of livestock.	The proposal is not located within the Rural Zone.
Bulk water infrastructure and High-pressure gas pipel	ines	
PO 8 Development adjacent or close to bulk water infrastructure and high-pressure gas pipelines maintains integrity of these pipelines and allows for access for required maintenance and upgrade activities.	AO 8.1 No acceptable outcome is prescribed	The proposal is not within close proximity to bulk water infrastructure or high-pressure gas pipelines.

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9.1.4 Centre and Entertainment Activities Code

Performance Outcomes and Acceptable Outcomes

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance			
Table 9.3.1.1 – Centre and entertainment activities co	de:				
Assessment benchmarks for assessable development and					
Requirements for accepted development					
Amenity and safety					
PO 1	AO 1.1				
Development contributes to an active, safe and vibrant pedestrian environment during the day and evening by: (a) locating uses at <i>ground level</i> that activate the <i>road frontage</i> ; and (b) providing <i>front building lines</i> that facilitate casual surveillance by maintaining visual connections with the street; and (c) avoiding blank <i>front building lines</i> by placing doors and windows at frequent intervals; and (d) locating each <i>shop</i> frontage so they directly face the street; and (e) is safely accessible to patrons.	Ground floor uses that are located adjacent to the street are restricted to: (a) centre activities; and (b) entertainment activities; and (c) community activities; and (d) service industry uses and these uses occupy a minimum of 75 per cent of the road frontage. Note—components of residential activities that may be located adjacent to the street are limited to a lobby, mailboxes and vehicle access to parking areas. AO 1.2 Each ground floor use has a pedestrian doorway entrance direct from the footpath that is separate from entrances to adjoining land uses and vehicle entrances.	The entirety of the ground floor contains Centre Activities being a Hotel and Shop, with the Hotel component also constituting an Entertainment Activity. Built form outcomes are largely set with the proposal being a renovation and updating of the existing facilities on site.			



	AO 1.3 Building walls facing a road incorporate pedestrian entrances and/or windows for a minimum of 75 per cent of the total wall area.	
	AO 1.4 Development design does not obstruct pedestrian movement on the footpath.	The proposal poses no obstruction to pedestrian movements on the footpath.
PO 2	AO 2.1	
Outdoor lighting enhances safety and maintains the amenity of the surrounding area without creating obtrusive light emissions either directly or by reflection.	Outdoor lighting is designed, installed, operated and maintained in accordance with the parameters and requirements of Australian Standard 4282-1997 Control of the Obtrusive Effects of Outdoor Lighting.	The proposal can be conditioned accordingly.
РО 3	AO 3.1	
Development does not adversely impact on the existing or future amenity of adjoining and nearby land uses, including, but not limited to the impacts of:	Development achieves the air quality design objectives set out in the <i>Environmental Protection</i> (Air) Policy 2008.	The proposal will not result in adverse impacts on the amenity of any existing or future nearby land uses regarding air pollution, noise, vibration, odour, dust, privacy or other emissions. The use is existing and proposed for retention with most works relating to
(a) air pollution; and	AO 3.2	aesthetic and operational upgrades.
(b) noise; and	Development achieves the acoustic quality objectives	
(c) vibration; and	for sensitive receptors set out in the <i>Environmental</i> <i>Protection (Noise) Policy 2008.</i>	
(d) odour; and		
(e) dust; and (f) lack of privacy; and	AO 3.3	
(g) other emissions.	Development does not involve Environmentally Relevant Activities (ERAs).	



AO 3.4

Vibrations produced on-site do not exceed the maximum acceptable levels identified in Australian Standard AS 2670.2 Evaluation of human exposure to whole of body vibration, Part 2: continuous and shock induced vibration in buildings (1-80Hz).

AO 3.5

Odour emissions produced on-site cannot be detected beyond the boundaries of the *site*.

AO 3.6

Where food or cooking odour is released:

(a) Exhaust vents are separated from adjacent usesby a minimum distance of 6 metres horizontally; and(b) Odour is discharged vertically and directed awayfrom the adjacent uses; and

AO 3.7

Impacts from dust produced on-site do not extend beyond the boundaries of the *site*.

AO 3.8

Development on a *site* that has a common boundary with an existing *sensitive land use*, or a lot in the Low density residential zone, Medium density residential zone, Community facilities zone, Mixed-use zone or

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 (a) has a 1.8-metre-high solid fence provided along the entire common boundary; and (b) screens all noise emitting devices, such as air- conditioning equipment, pumps and ventilation fans; 	
 and (c) ensures areas where work could be undertaken outdoors are not located between the side and/or rear wall of the building and the common boundary; and (d) ensures outdoor dining, entertainment or smoking areas are not located between the side and/or rear wall of the building and the common 	
AO 4.1 A lockable tap is provided on the front façade or as close to the <i>road frontage</i> as possible (but not extending beyond to property boundary) to allow cleaning of the development frontage.	The proposal can be conditioned accordingly.
·	
 AO 5.1 Building height (including all structures) is not greater than: (a) 10.5 metres and two storeys, in the following zones: Rural; or Rural residential; or 	Maximum building height is not proposed to be altered with the highest portions of the existing built form largely "out of scope" for the proposal.
	 (b) screens all noise emitting devices, such as airconditioning equipment, pumps and ventilation fans; and (c) ensures areas where work could be undertaken outdoors are not located between the side and/or rear wall of the building and the common boundary; and (d) ensures outdoor dining, entertainment or smoking areas are not located between the side and/or rear wall of the building and the common boundary. AO 4.1 A lockable tap is provided on the front façade or as close to the <i>road frontage</i> as possible (but not extending beyond to property boundary) to allow cleaning of the development frontage. AO 5.1 Building height (including all structures) is not greater than: (a) 10.5 metres and two <i>storeys</i>, in the following zones: Rural; or



area; and	(c) 15 metres and a maximum 8.5 metres	
(d) avoids adverse amenity impacts on adjoining or	<i>podium</i> height, in the Principal centre zone: or	
nearby premises; and	(d) 6 metres in the Open space zone; or	
(e) does not prejudice the development of <i>adjoining</i>	(e) 8.5 metres in all other zones.	
sites and enables existing and future buildings to be		
appropriately separated from each other.	AO 5.2	Duran and site action is 20 CV/ compliant with the
	Site cover is not greater than:	Proposed site cover is 28.6% compliant with the maximum of 60% for the Mixed Use Zone.
	(a) 5 per cent in the following zones:	
	Rural residential; or	
	Open space; or	
	(b) 25 per cent in the Sport and recreation zone; or	
	(c) 50 per cent in the following zones:	
	• Low density residential; or	
	• Township; or	
	(d) 60 per cent in the following zones:	
	Medium density residential; or	
	• Mixed use; or	
	• Local centre; or	
	(e) 70 per cent in the Principal centre zone; or	
	(f) 75 per cent in the following zones:	
	• Low impact industry; or	
	• Medium Impact industry; or	
	• Special industry; or	
	• Community facilities; or	
	• Special purpose.	



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AO 5.3	
Buildings and other structures are <i>setback</i> from	
any <i>road frontage:</i>	
(a) in the Rural residential zone, a minimum 30	
metres; or	
(b) in the Rural zone, a minimum 200 metres; or	
(c) in the Special industry zone, a minimum 10 metres; or	
(d) In the Low impact industry and Medium Impact Industry zone:	
• 10 metres from any road frontage to the Barkly	
Highway; or	
 six metres from any other road frontage; or 	
(e) In the Local centre zone, in accordance with Table	
9.3.1.3 – Local centre zone road and boundary	
setbacks; or	
(f) In the Principal centre zone, in accordance with	
Table 9.3.1.4 – Principal centre zone road and	
boundary <i>setbacks</i> ; or (g) in any other zone, a	
minimum six metres.	
AO 5.4	
The <i>development footprint</i> excluding <i>landscaping</i> is <i>setback:</i>	The existing and proposed site includes a built form footprint setback more than 3m however includes
(a) in the Rural residential zone, a minimum 20	car parking and manoeuvring areas within 3m of the
metres from the side and rear boundary; or	boundaries.
(b) in the Rural zone, a minimum 100 metres from	The subject site presents a unique circumstance
the side and rear boundary	however being an island site – with road frontages to



	 (c) In the Local centre zone, in accordance with Table 9.3.1.3 – Local centre zone road and boundary <i>setbacks</i>; or (d) In the Principal centre zone, in accordance with Table 9.3.1.4 – Principal centre zone road and boundary <i>setbacks</i>; or (e) in the Mixed use zone, a minimum three metres from any side boundary and 3 metres from the rear boundary; or (f) in any other zone, a minimum three metres from any side and rear boundary. 	all sides, effectively therefore having no side or rear boundaries (no shared boundaries). The impact therefore of not having a 3m setback is lessoned as it is assumed this setback is require to minimise impacts on adjacent development, which, in this case, there is none.
	AO 5.5 In the following zones: • Local centre zone; or • Principal centre zone Development between the <i>front building line</i> and the <i>road frontage</i> is limited to parking, vehicle and pedestrian access and <i>landscaping</i> .	
PO 6 The <i>ground floor</i> of buildings has sufficient ceiling heights that provide a high level of amenity within the building and enable a variety of activities and uses over time.	AO 6.1 The minimum floor to ceiling height for the <i>ground</i> <i>floor</i> is at least 4 metres.	The existing built form contains heights on the ground floor of approximately 4m - however given the existing nature of the built form this cannot be altered.
PO 7 Development ensures that the location and design of building services and equipment is not a dominant feature of the <i>streetscape</i> .	AO 7.1 Building services and equipment including plant, refrigeration, air-conditioning and ventilation equipment, fire egress and control rooms and	Building services and equipment, including plant, refrigeration. Air condition, fire egress and control rooms, comms rooms and the like are sensitively sited to ensure that they do not result in visual blight.



PO 8 Buildings and structures are designed to avoid the creation of long expanses of blank walls and are articulated through the use of one or more of the following: variation in texture, colour, finishes, or a regular placement of doors and windows.	telecommunications satellite dishes are not located on any <i>front building line</i> that faces a road. AO 8.1 Where the length of any wall of a building or structure is greater than 10 metres the wall is articulated at a minimum of 5 metre intervals.	The built form provides for a highly articulated elevational treatment to all elevations. Building bulk and scale are broken up and diminished through a variety of means including colour, finishes, materials, recesses and projections.
PO 9 Development at street intersections is designed to reduce pedestrian movement conflicts and emphasise the importance and prominence of corner buildings that contribute to a distinctive and attractive centre.	AO 9.1 Buildings adjacent to a street intersection emphasise the prominence of the intersection by: (a) providing a 4 metre by 4 metre corner truncation that is dedicated as road reserve (refer Figure a); and (b) incorporating a 45 degree building chamfer, abutting the corner truncation, for the first 8.5m in height, measured from <i>ground level</i> , or two <i>storeys</i> (Refer Figure a).	The subject site is an island however it is not considered that any of the 4 corners are configured in such a way as to result in pedestrian movement conflict.
Environmental management and ecological sustainab	ility	
PO 10 Development results in energy efficient buildings that respond to local climatic conditions.	 AO 10.1 Development incorporates: (a) window tints (Refer Figure b); or (b) window hoods or eaves that protrude at least 0.6 metres from the window, measured perpendicular to the window (Refer figure b). AO 10.2 In zones other than the Principal centre zone, doors incorporate sun and rain shelter, such as overhangs 	Energy efficiency requirements under the NCC will be required to be installed / achieved in order for the proposed works to receive Building Approval via private certification.



	or awnings that protrude at least 0.9 metres,	
	measured perpendicular to the door (Refer figure c).	
	incustred perpendicular to the door (neter figure c).	
Fences and gates		
PO 11	AO 11.1	
Fencing must:	A fence that is constructed forward of any front	No fencing is proposed in this instance.
(a) contribute positively to the character of	building line that faces a road frontage (including	
the <i>streetscape</i> ; and	front building lines that face both road frontages on a	
(b) enable casual surveillance of the street;	corner lot):	
and	(a) has a height, measured from <i>ground level</i> , that is not greater than:	
(c) enable use of private open space; and	(i) 1.8 metres where the fence is at least 50 per cent	
(d) enhance the amenity of the <i>site</i> ; and	transparent	
(e) provide buffering from potentially	(Refer Figure d); or	
incompatible adjacent uses nearby; and	(ii) 1.5 metres where the fence is solid or not greater	
(f) protect the privacy of adjoining and	than 50 per cent transparent (Refer Figure e); and	
nearby premises; and	(b) does not incorporate solid steel sheeting such as	
(g) be constructed of high quality materials;	Colorbond or Zincanneal above 1.5 metres in height	
And	(Refer Figure f); and	
(h) provide for adequate sight lines.	(c) incorporates detailing or indentations where the	
	fence is greater than 10 metres in length in any	
	direction.	
	AO 11.2	
	The height of side or rear boundary fences must not	
	be greater than 1.8 metres, measured from ground <i>level</i> .	
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	AO 11.3	

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	Where a <i>sensitive land use</i> is proposed adjacent to an	
	existing lawfully established nonresidential use a 1.8-	
	metre-high solid screen fence must be erected along	
	all common boundaries.	
	AO 11.4	
	Fences on a corner lot and, within a truncation made	
	by three equal chords of a 6 metre radius curve at	
	the corner of the two <i>road frontages</i> , are not greater	
	than 1 metre in height, measured from ground level	
	(Refer Figure g).	
PO 12	AO 12.1	
Gates do not open beyond the lot boundary.	Gates located on a lot boundary do not open	Gates are not proposed
	outward onto the street or an <i>adjoining property</i> .	
Landscaping		
PO 13	AO 13.1	
Landscaping treatments enhance the amenity and	On lots that do not require a zero <i>setback</i> from <i>road</i>	Perimeter landscaping is proposed to all four road
character of the <i>site</i> ; and soften the visual	frontages, a densely planted 2-metre-deep landscape	frontages for the subject site.
dominance of hard surface areas buildings.	strip is provided along the full width of all road	
	frontages of the site, excluding vehicle and	The subject site does not contain a common lot
	pedestrian access points (Refer Figure h).	boundary to a sensitive land use.
	AO 13.2	
	Where development has a common boundary to an	
	existing sensitive land use, or a lot in the:	
	• Low density residential zone; or	
	• Low density residential zone, of	
	Medium density residential zone; or	



Storage and waste management		
	Driveways are not steeper than 20 per cent.	
	AO 14.4	
	<i>level</i> , are screened from public view by using lattice or similar screening or <i>landscaping</i> .	
	<i>level</i> , or between outdoor deck areas and the <i>ground</i>	
	Areas between a building's floor and the ground	
	AO 14.3	
	(b) 50 m3 in total volume.	
	and	
	(a) 1 metre in height or depth at any point;	
	per cent does not involve cut and/or fill greater than:	
	Building work undertaken on a slope greater than 10	
	AO 14.2	
constraints of steeply sloping or unstable land.	maximum slope greater than 15 per cent.	slope or containing unstable soils.
Development must be adequately address the	Building work is not undertaken on land that has a	The subject site is not identified as being a steep
PO 14	AO 14.1	
Steep slopes or unstable soils		
	(b) is at least 2 metres in width.	
	(a) along the entire common boundary; and	
	a densely planted landscape strip is provided:	
	Township Zone	



PO 15	AO 15.1	
Storage areas for equipment, goods, materials,	Refuse container storage areas are:	Refuse storage areas are not located within any
and refuse containers are:	(a) located on-site; and	required setback or landscaping area, nor are they located within a Flood impacted area of the site.
(a) located on-site; and	(b) not located within any required <i>setback</i> or	
(b) screened from the street and any <i>adjoining land</i>	landscaping areas; and	Refuse storage areas are contained within visually
that is located in a Low density residential zone,	(c) not located within a <i>flood hazard area</i> ; and	screened areas on impervious ground.
Medium density residential zone, Mixed use zone or Rural residential zone; and	(d) screened from public view, by a solid fence or wall that is 1.8 metres in height, measured from <i>ground</i>	
(c) adequately sized to accommodate the refuse	<i>level</i> ; and	
generated on-site; and	(e) provided on an imperviously sealed pad that	
(d) conveniently accessible to collection and delivery	drains to an approved waste disposal system; and	
vehicles; and	(f) provided with a tap; and	
(e) designed and equipped to be kept clean and dust	(g) large enough to accommodate at least one	
free at all times.	standard commercial refuse bin of a size appropriate	
	to the nature and scale of the refuse generated by	
	the use.	
	AO 15.2	
	Other outdoor storage areas (other than areas adjacent to the street designed for the display of	
	goods to the public for sale) are:	
	(a) not located within any of the required <i>setback</i> area; and	
	(b) in an enclosed area or otherwise screened from	
	view from the street, other public areas and	
	adjoining properties.	
	AO 15.3	

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PO 16	Materials stored on-site that are capable of generating air contaminants either by wind or when disturbed, are managed by: (a) being wholly enclosed in a building or storage bins; or (b) a program to suppress material so it cannot become airborne. AO 16.1	
Development does not release liquid waste or other potential contaminants.	Development provides for the on-site collection, treatment and disposal of liquid waste and other potential contamination sources. AO 16.2 Development provides for spills to be wholly contained and retained on-site for subsequent removal and disposal by an approved means. AO 16.3 Roof water is directed away from areas of potential contamination.	The proposal does not include a use type that will result in the discharge of liquid waste or other potential contaminants.
Traffic, access and parking		
PO 17	AO 17.1	
The design and layout of vehicle parking, loading, crossover and access areas: (a) provides safe and efficient vehicular and pedestrian movement; and	All vehicle manoeuvring and parking areas provided as part of the development are sealed with an impervious material that will reduce the amount of dust generated by vehicle movements.	The proposal includes existing carparking areas that are predominately sealed. Carparking areas are proposed to be resurfaced and line marked as part of the proposed scope works for the site.
(b) enables the loading and unloading of goods and		Existing loading and unloading facilities are located on site and are not proposed for alteration as part of



waste to occur wholly within the site; and	AO 17.2	the proposed scope of works.
(c) does not impact on street parking; and(d) prevents the loss of on-street parking.	All loading and unloading facilities, including loading docks, receiving areas and loading bays are provided on-site.	The proposal will not reduce the number of existing on-street parking spaces or loading bays or taxi zones.
	AO 17.3	
	Development does not result in a reduction in the number of existing on-street parking spaces, loading bays or taxi zones.	
PO 18	AO 18.1	
On-site car parking does not dominate the frontage of the premises and maintain the amenity of the street and adjacent properties.	On-site car parking is not located between the building and the <i>primary road frontage</i> .	The existing facility is located on an allotment with 4 street frontages with the built form centrally located. Carparking therefore exists between the building and road frontages however this is a historical layout issue that cannot be resolved within this proposal for renovation of the existing on site development.
Provisions specific to certain uses		
PO 19	AO 19.1	
Hotel, bar and nightclub entertainment facilities are appropriately located and designed so as not to cause nuisance to adjoining or nearby uses.	<i>Hotel, bar</i> and <i>nightclub entertainment facility</i> uses are located no higher than the first level above the <i>ground floor</i> of the building.	Existing building height in number of stories is not proposed to be altered. The exiting upper level uses (accommodation and function spaces) are generally considered to be of lower impact and are not proposed to be altered (outside of scope of proposal)
Table 9.3.1.2 – Centre and entertainment activities co	de:	
Assessment benchmarks for assessable development	nt only	
Amenity and safety		
PO 1	AO 1.1	
Development incorporates key elements of Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) to	Development design and layout provides: (a) opportunities for casual surveillance and	The existing site development is sought to be renovated, and through such renovation the key elements of Crime Prevention Through



enhance safety of the <i>site</i> , adjoining streets and surrounding area.	sightlines; and (b) exterior building designs which promote safety; and (c) adequate identification of uses and ownership; and (d) adequate lighting; and (e) appropriate way-finding mechanisms (e.g. signage); and (f) prevention of entrapment locations; and (g) prevention of access to roof areas and other premises.	Environmental Design (CPTED) will be incorporated where possible improve safety on the site, along with the adjoining streets and surrounding area.
PO 2 Development is located, designed, orientated and constructed to prevent any adverse impacts on the development that may be caused by noise, odour, lighting and dust emissions from existing lawful uses, including <i>industry activities</i> and <i>rural activities</i> .	No Acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The existing site development is sought to be renovated. Potential adverse impacts that may be caused by noise, odour, lighting and dust emissions from existing lawful uses will be minimised to the extent possible through considered design.
PO 3 The design of accommodation and residential buildings incorporates acoustic measures to mitigate noise from other centre uses, including <i>hotels</i> and <i>nightclub entertainment facilities</i> .	AO 3.1 Development achieves the acoustic quality objectives for sensitive receptors set out in the <i>Environmental</i> <i>Protection (Noise) Policy 2008.</i>	The existing accommodation activities on site will not be altered or expanded as par to the proposed scope of works.
Built form, character, design and scale		
PO 4 Development incorporates graffiti-prevention measures.	AO 4.1 Building and <i>site</i> design incorporates a combination of the following features: (a) shrubbery planted against walls and fences; and	The proposed renovation works for the site will include design and landscaping elements that work to minimise graffiti.



	(b) designs with absence of natural ladders; and	
	(c) minimal unbroken vertical service area; and	
	(d) graffiti-deterrent surfaces.	
PO 5	AO 5.1	
Development:	All aspects of development, including buildings,	The proposed development includes high standard of
(a) is constructed to a high standard; and	structures and parking areas are finished with	construction that ensures easy and minimised maintenance whilst retaining compatibility with the
(b) is easily maintained; and	high quality materials and colours that:	amenity of the local area and the streetscape.
(c) is compatible with the streetscape and	(a) are durable and do not require high levels	
amenity of the local area.	of maintenance; and	
	(b) are not mirrored or highly reflective; and	
	(c) have regard to and maintain continuity	
	with adjoining facades; and	
	(d) enhance the local <i>streetscape</i> character.	
PO 6	AO 6.1	
The retention of existing buildings achieves a high quality built form.	Where existing buildings are retained as part of the development, the facades facing a street or road are upgraded and improved where necessary to enhance the appearance of the building and the <i>streetscape</i>	The existing site development is sought to be renovated, with the end result being a high quality built form.
	with for example, new materials, paint, awnings, new windows or doors.	
PO 7		
PO 7 Architectural features break up the visual mass of buildings.	windows or doors.	The proposed development includes architectural features that assist in the breakup of the visual mass
Architectural features break up the visual mass of	windows or doors. AO 7.1 Visual mass is reduced by one or a combination of	features that assist in the breakup of the visual mass of the built form, to minimise bulk and scale and
Architectural features break up the visual mass of	windows or doors. AO 7.1 Visual mass is reduced by one or a combination of the following:	features that assist in the breakup of the visual mass
Architectural features break up the visual mass of	windows or doors. AO 7.1 Visual mass is reduced by one or a combination of the following: (a) variations in colour, textures or materials;	features that assist in the breakup of the visual mass of the built form, to minimise bulk and scale and

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PO 8	AO 8.1	
Buildings are designed to: (a) provide high quality design and architectural outcomes; and	Building design incorporates articulation and variations in colour, parapet design heights, where possible.	The proposed development includes architectural features including colour variation, material variations and design features to provide for a high quality architectural design outcome that will contribute the an interesting, diverse and high
(b) contribute to an interesting, diverse but coherent roof form throughout the centre.	AO 8.2	quality visual aesthetic in the street and surround
	Development provides rooftops which:	area.
	 (a) contribute to the architectural distinction of the building and roofs; and 	
	(b) include combinations and variations of forms created through pitches, gables, skillions or other features.	
	AO 8.3	
	Development for rooftops are designed to:	
	(a) incorporate and screen service structures, lift motor rooms, mechanical plant and equipment as architectural features; and	
	(b) enable the future inclusion of service structures, lift motor rooms and mechanical plant and equipment, such as satellite dishes and telecommunications facilities, in an unobtrusive manner.	
Environmental management and ecological sustainab	ility	
PO 9	AO 9.1	
The <i>site</i> layout responds sensitively to on-site and surrounding topography, drainage patterns and vegetation.	Development ensures: (a) earthworks on site are minimised; and	The existing site development is sought to be renovated, and as such the ability to maximise elements such as aspect or building orientation are



	(b) natural drainage lines are retained; and	negligible.
	(c) existing vegetation (including street trees) is	
	retained.	
PO 10	AO 10.1	
Building design, site layout and landscaping facilitates	Building designs:	The existing site development is sought to be
the construction of energy efficient buildings that	(a) maximise solar access to the north in winter; and	renovated, and as such the ability to maximise elements such as aspect or building orientation are
respond to local climatic conditions.	(b) minimise solar access to the east and west in the summer; and	negligible.
	(c) maximise access to any prevailing summer breezes; and	
	(d) minimise exposure to prevailing winter winds.	
Landscaping and Streetscape Design	•	·
PO 11	AO 11.1	
<i>Landscaping</i> , street furniture and footpath treatments contribute to a high quality built form.	<i>Landscaping</i> , street furniture and footpath treatments are provided to the <i>road frontage</i> of the development <i>site</i> that:	Any installed landscaping, street furniture or footpath treatments required to be undertaken will be done so in a high quality built form.
	(a) are of a high quality standard; and	
	(b) enhance the amenity of the public realm;	
	and	
	(c) reflect or enhance the existing landscape character of the centre; and	
	(d) ensure good pedestrian connectivity; and	
	(e) are located and planted to allow surveillance of the street and views into <i>shop</i> windows or display	
Steep Slopes or Unstable Soils		• •
PO 12	AO 12.1	
Where building work is undertaken on a site that		The proposal does not contain steep slopes of



contains or adjoins a steep slope or is subject to	Where building work is undertaken on a site that:	unstable soils.
unstable soils, adequate protection measures are utilised to prevent the risk of land slippage or	(a) is on land subject to a slope greater than 15 per	
erosion.	cent; or (b) adjoins land that has a slope greater than 15 per	
	cent; or	
	(c) is subject to unstable land	
	A site-specific geotechnical analysis in accordance with AGS2007 is prepared by a registered	
	professional engineer to demonstrate that the site is	
	not subject to landslide hazard. It must certify that:the stability of the site, including associated	
	buildings and infrastructure, will be maintained over the operational life of the development; and	
	• the site is not subject to risk of landslide activity originating from other land, including land above the site; and	
	 the development will not increase the risk of landslide on other land; and 	
	 specific reference is made to assembly uses, essential community infrastructure, vulnerable uses or difficult to evacuate uses. 	
Traffic, parking and access		
PO 13	AO 13.1	
The traffic and parking generated by the proposed development does not:	A traffic impact assessment report is prepared by a registered professional traffic engineer that:	The uses are existing with the subject proposal being a renovation and "updating" of the facility. The
 (a) adversely affect the surrounding or future planned road network; and 	(a) identifies the traffic impact, including any potential safety conflicts related to the development	proposal will not have a detrimental impact on the surrounding or future road network, create conflict with pedestrian movements, result in an increase
(b) adversely affect the amenity of the surrounding	and on-street car parking demands; and	demand for on street parking, nor result in the introduction of non-local traffic onto residential



neighbourhood; and (c) create safety conflicts with pedestrians; and (d) result in an increased demand for on street car parking; and (e) result in in the introduction of non-local traffic into local residential streets.	 (b) demonstrates the <i>site</i> has safe and convenient vehicular and pedestrian access; and (c) outlines mitigation measures to appropriately address the related traffic impacts. 	streets.
PO 14 On-site parking and vehicle manoeuvring areas are located and designed to minimise conflicts between motor vehicles and pedestrians.	AO 14.1 Buildings and activity areas are located to prevent potentially hazardous vehicular or pedestrian movements.	The proposal seeks to formalise largely informal parking on site. This includes the clear delineation of safe pedestrian movement areas within these vehicle movement areas.
PO 15 Development facilitates a functional overall road hierarchy and maximise the safety and efficiency of the State-controlled road network.	 AO 15.1 Where new or upgraded road access is proposed: If development fronts more than one road, access to the site is via the lowest order road as indicated in Major Infrastructure Overlay – Road Hierarchy Maps 1 to 11 (OM-RH-01 to OM-RH-11) 	The proposal will not impact the existing surrounding road network. No alterations to the existing network r access points to the network are proposed.
Provisions specific to certain uses	·	
PO 16 <i>Hotel bar</i> and <i>nightclub entertainment facility</i> uses are appropriately located and designed so as not cause nuisance to adjoining and nearby uses.	AO 16.1 Hotel, bar and nightclub entertainment facility uses are not located on lots adjacent to a Low or medium residential zone, Mixed use, Rural residential zone or Township zone, or an existing sensitive land use.	The existing site development, sought to be renovated is located within the Mixed Use Zone. This is an existing scenario, not a scenario sought to be created.
PO 17 Agricultural supplies stores, bulk landscape supplies, hardware and trade supplies, garden centres or	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal is not for an agricultural supplies store, bulk landscape supplies, hardware or trade supplies,



 showrooms are: (a) limited in area and frontage; and (b) provide a high level of activation and interface with the street; and (c) are not dominated by parking at the road frontage; and (d) provide high quality and attractive facades. 		garden centres or showroom use type.
Provisions specific to the Principal centre zone		
PO 18 Within the Principal centre zone, development reflects and enhances the character and the amenity of the CBD and contributes to a cohesive <i>built form</i> character and <i>streetscape</i> by:	AO 18.1 Development within the Principal centre zone is: (a) sympathetic to surrounding built form; and (b) complements established building proportions and lot dimensions; and (c) contributes positively to the character of the immediate area; and (d) responds positively to heritage elements in the <i>streetscape</i> .	The proposal is not located within the Principle Centre Zone.
Provisions specific to the Rural zone		
PO 19 Development in the Rural zone does not adversely impact on the ongoing operation of nearby <i>rural</i> <i>activities</i> .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal is not located within the Rural Zone.

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9.1.5 Engineering works and services code

Refer to the attached Civil Engineering Services Report prepared by L+R Engineers Managers Scientists report for details. Relevant provisions of this Code are addressed within this specialist report.

9.1.6 Excavation and filling code

Refer to the attached Civil Engineering Services Report prepared by L+R Engineers Managers Scientists report for details. Relevant provisions of this Code are addressed within this specialist report.

9.1.7 Water quality code

Refer to the attached Civil Engineering Services Report prepared by L+R Engineers Managers Scientists report for details. Relevant provisions of this Code are addressed within this specialist report.

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9.1.8 Landscaping Code

Performance Outcomes and Acceptable Outcomes

Table 9.4.5.1 –Landscaping code:						
Assessment benchmarks for assessable development and						
Requirements for accepted development						
Landscape Design						
AO 1.1						
Planting for landscape buffers incorporate:	The site currently contains extremely minimal					
 (a) endemic or other native species as provided in Schedule 6.4: Preferred plants planning scheme policy; and (b) planting with a size at maturity that is: (i) in the case of street trees, a minimum height of 7 metres, except under power lines; or (ii) in the case of trees on other land, a minimum height of at least 75 per cent of the <i>building height</i> of the largest structure on the allotment; 	landscaping. The proposed alterations will include formalisation of the carparking and manoeuvring area. As part of this formalisation, it is proposed to incorporate landscaping to the internal carparking areas within the site, together with the retention and restoration of the existing perimeter landscaping of the site. Refer to existing and proposed site plans for details.					
and (c) all ground surfaces not covered by paving are covered by a groundcover; and (d) water reticulation for landscape maintenance. AO 1.2	Chosen landscaping elements will reflect the identified requirements as listed within AO1.2					
Planting for landscape buffers is at the following minimum densities:						
	AO 1.1 Planting for landscape buffers incorporate: (a) endemic or other native species as provided in Schedule 6.4: Preferred plants planning scheme policy; and (b) planting with a size at maturity that is: (i) in the case of street trees, a minimum height of 7 metres, except under power lines; or (ii) in the case of trees on other land, a minimum height of at least 75 per cent of the building height of the largest structure on the allotment; and (c) all ground surfaces not covered by paving are covered by a groundcover; and (d) water reticulation for landscape maintenance. AO 1.2 Planting for landscape buffers is at the following					



	• small trees, 3 metre centres; or					
	 shrubs, 1.5 metre centres; or 					
	• groundcover, 0.5 - 1 metre centres.					
Table 9.4.5.2 – Landscaping code:						
Assessment benchmarks for assessable development only						
Planting Standards						
PO 1	AO 1.1					
Landscape planting is installed at an appropriate	Minimum plant stock sizes are:	The site currently contains extremely minimal				
standard and adequately established and	 for street and feature trees:45 litre bag; 	landscaping.				
maintained.	• for other trees: 25 litre bag;					
	• for shrubs, 200 millimetre pot;	The proposed alterations will include formalisation of				
	• for groundcovers, 140 millimetre pot.	the carparking and manoeuvring area. As part of this formalisation, it is proposed to incorporate				
		landscaping to the internal carparking areas within				
	AO 1.2	the site, together with the retention and restoration				
	Spacing for trees, shrubs and groundcover is:	of the existing perimeter landscaping of the site.				
	• for trees higher than 10 metres at maturity: 8-10					
	metre centres;	Refer to existing and proposed site plans for details.				
	• for trees between 5 metres and 10 metres high at					
	maturity: 5-8m centres;	Chosen landscaping elements will reflect the				
	• for shrubs higher than 1.5 metres at maturity: 1 - 2 metre centres;	identified requirements as listed within AO1.1, AO1.2 and AO1.3.				
	• for groundcovers, other than grass: 0.5 - 1 metre					
	centres.					
	AO 1.3					
	Landscaping is installed and established in					
	accordance with Schedule 6: Engineering					



	works and services planning scheme policy.		
Landscaping Principles			
PO 2	AO 2.1		
Development is to have an area of the allotment appropriately landscaped to enhance its appearance and provide an adequate level of amenity for occupants and <i>adjoining land uses</i> .	For <i>residential activities</i> other than a <i>dwelling house,</i> <i>landscaping</i> includes: (a) a minimum of 1 tree for every 6 metres of <i>site</i> perimeter; and	The site currently contains extremely minimal landscaping. The proposed alterations will include formalisation	
	 (b) shrubs of sufficient height and size at maturity are placed so as to completely screen blank walls, sheds, plant and machinery, refuse storage areas and similar elements of the development; and (c) low shrubs and groundcover provide complete 	the carparking and manoeuvring area. As part of this formalisation, it is proposed to incorporate landscaping to the internal carparking areas within the site, together with the retention and restoration of the existing perimeter landscaping of the site.	
	coverage of unsealed surfaces; and (d) at least 10 per cent of the area of the allotment is landscaped in such a way that the full effect of the	Refer to existing and proposed site plans for details. Chosen landscaping elements will (to the extent	
	<i>landscaping</i> is visible from the street. AO 2.2	possible considering the subject site and majority of the proposed development is existing) reflect the identified requirements as listed within AO2.2	
	For activities other than <i>residential activities, landscaping</i> includes:		
	(a) large trees that achieve a canopy spread at maturity over a minimum of 40 per cent of the perimeter of the <i>site</i> ; and		
	(b) at least 25 per cent of trees that achieve a height at maturity above the level of the building parapet or eave; and		
	(c) spreading trees and shrubs to maximise the		

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	screening effect of vegetation; and	
	(d) 1 spreading canopy tree with mulched surround and groundcover for every 6 car parking spaces; and	
	(e) at least 10 per cent of the area of the allotment is landscaped in such a way that the full effect of the <i>landscaping</i> is visible from the street.	
Restoration of Disturbed Areas		
PO 3	AO 3.1	
Ground surfaces which are disturbed by construction activities are restored to at least their original condition.	 Where the surface of the ground is disturbed by construction activities and is not subsequently covered by a building, paving or other <i>landscaping</i>, the surface is to be restored to its original condition by: (a) stockpiling and respreading the original topsoil; and (b) planting the affected area with species to match the original plant cover; and (c) maintaining the plants until they are established; and (d) if the original vegetation required maintenance, on-going maintenance to the new plants to promote healthy and vigorous growth. 	Any areas of site disturbance will be reinstated to a condition superior to that of the existing scenario.
Access and Safety		
PO 4	AO 4.1	
Landscaping enhances access and personal safety.	Paved surfaces are slip-resistant, stable and trafficable in all weather conditions.	Chosen landscaping elements will (comply with and reflect the identified requirements as listed within AO4.1, AO4.2, AO4.3 and AO4.4 to the extent relevant or possible.

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	Landscape design complies with Australian Standard AS1428.1-2010 <i>Design for access and mobility.</i>	
	AO 4.3 Landscaping does not obstruct visibility within parks, playgrounds, pathways and vehicle parking areas. AO 4.4 Trees with a clear trunk height at maturity of at least 1.8 metres and groundcover with a maximum height of 0.3 metres are used in <i>landscaping</i> along street footpaths, pathways, vehicle parking areas, street corners and street lighting.	
Landscape buffers		
PO 5	AO 5.1	
Appropriately designed landscape buffers are provided between incompatible uses for visual screening and noise attenuation.	Where landscaped buffers strips are required by an applicable code, a combination of the following elements is incorporated or provided:	The site currently contains extremely minimal landscaping.
	 (a) earth mounding; or (b) screen fencing of durable materials and construction; or (c) planting with dense foliage which extends to the ground. 	The proposed alterations will include formalisation of the carparking and manoeuvring area. As part of this formalisation, it is proposed to incorporate landscaping to the internal carparking areas within the site, together with the retention and restoration of the existing perimeter landscaping of the site.
	AO 5.2 Planting for landscape buffers is at the following minimum densities is:	This external landscaping is considered to constitute and achieve the requirements of the "landscape buffer".



 for large trees: 8 metre centres; 	
 for small trees: 3 metre centres; 	
• for shrubs: 1.5 metre centres;	
 for groundcovers: 0.5-1 metre centres. 	

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9.1.9 Parking Access and Loading Code

Performance Outcomes and Acceptable Outcomes

Performance Outcomes	Acceptable Outcomes	Compliance
Table 9.4.6.1 – Parking, access and loading code:		
Assessment benchmarks for assessable developme	ent and	
• requirements for accepted development		
Access		
PO 1	AO 1.1	
The layout, design and construction of the access: (a) is safe, convenient and legible for all users including people with disabilities, pedestrians and cyclists; and (b) does not interfere with the planned function, safety, capacity and operation of the transport network; and (c) includes appropriate and sufficient signage to ensure safe and convenient use.	 Vehicle access to the <i>site</i> complies with Australian Standard AS2890.1-2004 <i>Parking facilities – Off-street</i> <i>car parking</i>. AO 1.2 Dedicated pedestrian entry to the <i>site</i> and building is provided separately from vehicle entry and maneuvering areas. AO1.3 Except where for a <i>dwelling house</i> or <i>dual occupancy</i>, the development layout allows for forward entry and exit of vehicles. 	Vehicle access to the site is existing. Formalisation of carparking areas will ensure compliance with Australian Standard AS2890.1-2004 Parking facilities – Off-street car parking. The development layout facilitates forward entry and exit of vehicles.
PO 2 A suitable crossover is provided that does not compromise existing <i>landscaping</i> .	AO 2.1 Except in the Rural and Rural residential zones, dedicated vehicular access across the verge is	Vehicle accesses to the site is existing and not proposed for alteration. No street trees require removal to facilitate the retention of the existing



	provided which complies with Schedule 6: Engineering works and services planning scheme policy. AO 2.2 No street trees are removed.	(multiple) access points.
PO 3 Driveway widths are minimised to maintain amenity and character of local area.	 AO 3.1 Maximum total driveway widths are: (a) 6 metres for an allotment where principal use is a <i>residential activity</i>; or (b) 16 metres or 50 per cent of the length of the <i>road frontage</i>, whichever is the lesser for an allotment where principal use is a <i>centre activity</i>, <i>entertainment activity</i> or <i>Industry activity</i>; or (c) 6 metres where the principal use is not indicated in (a) or (b) above. 	Vehicle accesses to the site is existing and not proposed for alteration.
Vehicle Parking		
PO 4 Sufficient parking spaces are provided for the number and type of vehicles likely to be associated with the development.	AO 4.1 Development complies with the parking requirements in Table 9.4.6.3 and Table 9.4.6.3(b) Minimum on-site parking requirements AO 4.2 No additional parking is required where a single use: (a) is located in the Principal centre zone; and (b) utilises an existing building (where not increasing the GFA by more than 50m2); and (c) comprises a total GFA of not more than 100m2;	The subject site currently contains a Hotel and Drive through Bottle Shop facility. These are intended to be retained and renovated. Sizes are relatively similar with the hotel actually reducing slightly in GFA. This is offset by the bottle Shop increasing by a similar amount. Currently the site includes informal parking provision for 16 cars.



	and (d) does not result in the loss of any existing car parks.	The proposal will formalise the carparking on the site to accommodate 142 spaces
	AO 4.3 The parking spaces are located on the same lot as the use for which they are required and are available for parking at all times that the use is being carried out.	
	AO 4.4 All parking, access and maneuvering requirements are met on-site.	
PO 5 Vehicle parking areas are designed, constructed and maintained so as to provide safe and efficient parking and circulation for vehicles, cyclists and pedestrians.	AO 5.1 Vehicle parking and access areas: (a) are sealed with a durable, material that will reduce the amount of dust generated by vehicle movement; and (b) are clearly delineated; and (c) comply with Australian Standard AS2890.1-2004 Parking facilities – Offstreet car parking in relation to crossovers, queuing, circulation, gradient, overall design and operation (except in the case of a dual occupancy).	Carparking areas are proposed to be resurfaced as part of the scope of works for the carpark area ensuring they are sealed with a durable material that reduces dust. Through linemarking of the resurfaced areas the area will be clearly delineated. Sizing, separation and layout will comply with Australian Standard AS2890.1-2004 Parking facilities – Offstreet car parking
Access		
PO 1 The layout, design and construction of access: (a) is safe, convenient and legible for all users including people with disabilities, pedestrians and	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	No alterations deletions or additions of site access are proposed within the proposed scope of works.

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cyclists; and (b) does not interfere with the planned function, safety, capacity and operation of the transport network; and (c) includes appropriate and sufficient signage to		
ensure safe and convenient use. PO 2		
On-site parking and vehicle manoeuvring areas are located and designed to minimise conflicts and hazards between motor vehicles and pedestrians.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Site layout is existing and as such the location of areas aren't really subject to change. The proposal does however propose formalisation of the layout and increased user legibility through linemarking and the installation of landscaped islands, which will in turn create a more legible site for users, resulting in a lessoned conflict between motor vehicles and pedestrians
PO 3	AO 3.1	
For hardware and trade supplies, on-site parking and vehicle manoeuvring areas for vehicles with trailers are located to minimise conflicts and hazards between motor vehicles and pedestrians.	On-site parking and manoeuvring areas are provided for vehicles with trailers separate from the main car park area and pedestrian access.	The proposal is not for a hardware or trade supplies store
PO 4	AO 4	
Convenient access is provided for vehicles (including taxis) carrying wheelchair bound passengers.	Where for a <i>health care services</i> use involving a medical centre, a drop off / set down area is provided at the entrance to the medical centre.	The proposal is not for a health care service
Amenity		
PO 5 The amenity of adjoining <i>residential activities</i> is not diminished by lighting and noise impact from vehicle parking areas.	AO 5.1 Parking areas are fenced with a 1.8-metre-high solid screen wall or fence at the common boundary with any land in the Low density residential or Medium	The existing site is not adjoined by residential activities that will be adversely impacted by light or noise impacts form vehicle parking areas.



	density residential zone or ediagent to prove consitive	
	density residential zone or adjacent to any <i>sensitive</i>	
	land use.	
Service vehicles		
PO 6	AO 6.1	
Provision is made for vehicle loading and unloading to be carried out in a safe and efficient manner on- site and does not utilise the public carriageway.	The design and operation of vehicle loading and unloading areas complies with Australian Standard AS2890.2-2002 Parking facilities – Commercial vehicle facilities.	Existing loading and unloading operations on the site will not be altered by the proposal. These activities will continue in the same manner and location as they currently operate.
	AO 6.2 Adequate circulation space is to be provided onsite for delivery and collection vehicles in accordance with the standard turning templates given in Austroads publication no AP - G34 -13: Design Vehicles and Turning Path Templates (1995).	
Landscaping		
PO 7	AO 7.1	
Vehicle parking areas are landscaped in a manner which enhances their appearance and assists in buffering surrounding land uses.	Except where otherwise provided by the applicable activity or zone code, parking areas and driveways are screened by:	The proposal includes landscape buffering to all sides as the site has frontage to road to all sides.
	(a) a <i>landscaping</i> buffer of at least 1.5 metres width where adjacent to the Low density residential zone or Medium density residential zone, or <i>sensitive land</i> <i>use</i> ; or	Wheelstops will be provided as required to ensure the protection of landscaped areas.
	(b) a <i>landscaping</i> buffer of at least 2 metres width where adjacent to a <i>road frontage</i> or public open space.	



	AO 7.2	
	Except for a dwelling house or dual occupancy,	
	wheelstops or other barriers are provided in	
	designated parking areas to prevent vehicles from	
	driving into or damaging landscaped areas.	
Shade structures		
PO 8	AO 8.1	
Parking areas located external to a building and	All parking areas are shaded by either:	The proposed alterations include formalisation of the
ancillary to the development provide shade by way of mature trees or shade structures.	(a) shade trees at a maximum spacing of 1 shade tree per 4 car parks planted to achieve mature form; or	internal carparking and manoeuvring area. As part of this formalisation, it is proposed to incorporate landscaping to the carparking areas within the site,
	(b) a shade structure that is set back from the street and consistent with the character of the area.	together with the retention and restoration of the existing perimeter landscaping of the site.
	Shade structures may be in the form of awnings, pergolas, shelters or shade sails manufactured from long lasting UV stable materials that are vandal resistant and require minimal ongoing maintenance, or permanent structures of colorbond or similar roofing.	This island landscaping together with perimeter landscaping presents the ability to incorporate shade trees to provide shade for the carparking areas on the site.
Bicycle and Pedestrian Facilities		
PO 9	AO 9.1	
Development provides appropriate on-site end of trip facilities including bicycle parking, shower and change rooms to encourage walking and cycling as an alternative to private car travel.	Development provides on-site bicycle parking spaces at the minimum rates specified in Table 9.4.6.3(a) and Table 9.4.6.3(b) Minimum onsite parking requirements	The proposed use is not considered to require the provision of bicycle parking spaces or EOPT facilities. Accordingly none are proposed.
	AO 9.2	
	Development provides bicycle parking and storage that:	

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	(a) is identifiable, convenient and safely accessible;	
	and	
	(b) does not adversely impact on visual amenity; and	
	(c) does not impede the movement of pedestrians or	
	other vehicles.	
	AO 9.3	
	Development provides bicycle end of trip facilities	
	including:	
	(a) shower facilities; and	
	(b) bicycle storage; and	
	(c) personal storage.	
	For long-stay bicycle parking, facilities are provided in	
	accordance with Table 9.4.6.4 Minimum standards	
	for bicycle <i>long-stay</i> end of trip facilities.	
Applicable Parking Rates / Bicycle spaces and Service	Vehicles	
Hotel	Cars: 1 space per 15m ² of <i>total use area</i> available to the public (excluding accommodation rooms); plus 1 space per accommodation room; plus For any drive	The subject site currently contains a Hotel and Drive through Bottle Shop facility. These are intended to be
	through facility, queuing space within the <i>site</i> for 3 vehicles being served or awaiting service.	retained and renovated. Sizes are relatively similar with the hotel actually reducing slightly in GFA. This is offset by the bottle Shop increasing by a similar amount.
	Bicycles (Visitor): 1 per 25 m2 bar floor area 1 per 100 m2 beer garden	Currently the site includes informal parking provision for 16 cars.
	Bicycles (Employee): 1 per 25 m2 bar floor area 1 per 100 m2 beer garden	The proposal will formalise the carparking on the site to accommodate 142 spaces



	Service Vehicle: 1 AV	
Shop	Cars: 1 space per 20m ² of GFA Bicycles (Visitor): 1 per 500 m2 GFA over 1000 m2	The subject site currently contains a Hotel and Drive through Bottle Shop facility. These are intended to be retained and renovated. Sizes are relatively similar
	GFA Bicycles (Employee): 1 space per 300m2 GFA	with the hotel actually reducing slightly in GFA. This is offset by the bottle Shop increasing by a similar amount.
	Service Vehicle: Less than 500m ² GFA – One (1) HRV; 500m ² –1,999m ² GFA – One (1) AV; 2,000m ² GFA plus – No specific rate.	Currently the site includes informal parking provision for 16 cars.
		The proposal will formalise the carparking on the site to accommodate 142 spaces

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9.1.10 SDAP Code 1 - Development in a State-Controlled road environment

Performance Outcomes and Acceptable Outcomes

Table 1.1 Development in general

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
Buildings, structures, infrastructure, services an	d utilities	
PO1 The location of the development does not create a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road .	AO1.1 Development is not located in a state-controlled road. AND	The proposed alterations to the existing hotel and drive through bottle shop will not create a safety hazard for state- controlled road users.
	AO1.2 Development can be maintained without requiring access to a state-controlled road .	
PO2 The design and construction of the development does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of the state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed alterations to the existing hotel and drive through bottle shop will not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of the state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.
PO3 The location of the development does not obstruct road transport infrastructure or adversely impact the operating performance of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed alterations to the existing hotel and drive through bottle shop will not obstruct road transport infrastructure or adversely impact the operating performance of the state-controlled road.
PO4 The location, placement, design and operation of advertising devices, visible from the state- controlled road, do not create a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed alterations to the existing hotel and drive through bottle shop will not create a safety hazard for state- controlled road users through the location, placement, design or operation of advertising devices, visible from the



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
		state-controlled road.
PO5 The design and construction of buildings and structures does not create a safety hazard by distracting users of the state-controlled road.	AO5.1 Facades of buildings and structures fronting the state-controlled road are made of non-reflective materials.	The proposed alterations to the existing hotel and drive through bottle shop will not create a safety hazard by distraction for state-controlled road users.
U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U U	AND	
	AO5.2 Facades of buildings and structures do not direct or reflect point light sources into the face of oncoming traffic on the state-controlled road.	
	AND	
	AO5.3 External lighting of buildings and structures is not directed into the face of oncoming traffic on the state-controlled road.	
	AND	
	AO5.4 External lighting of buildings and structures does not involve flashing or laser lights.	
PO6 Road, pedestrian and bikeway bridges over a state- controlled road are designed and constructed to prevent projectiles from being thrown onto the state-controlled road.	AO6.1 Road, pedestrian and bikeway bridges over the state-controlled road include throw protection screens in accordance with section 4.11 of the Design Criteria for Bridges and Other Structures Manual, Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2020.	The proposal does not include any road, pedestrian or bikeway bridges over a state-controlled road.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
Landscaping		
PO7 The location of landscaping does not create a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road .	 AO7.1 Landscaping is not located in a state-controlled road. AND AO7.2 Landscaping can be maintained without requiring access to a state-controlled road. AND AO7.3 Landscaping does not block or obscure the sight lines for vehicular access to a state-controlled road 	The location style and extent of landscaping will have no detrimental impact on the safety of the state-controlled road network for users.
Stormwater and overland flow		
PO8 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not create or exacerbate a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not change or materially impact the stormwater run-off or overland flow impacts on the on the state-controlled road network.
PO9 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not result in a material worsening of the operating performance of the state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not change or materially impact the stormwater run-off or overland flow impacts on the on the state-controlled road network.
PO10 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of the state-controlled road or road transport	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not change or materially impact the stormwater run-off or overland flow impacts on the on the state-controlled road network.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
infrastructure.		
P011	A011.1	
Development ensures that stormwater is lawfully discharged.	Development does not create any new points of discharge to a state-controlled road.	The proposal does not change or materially impact the stormwater run-off or overland flow impacts on the on the state-controlled road network.
	AO11.2 Development does not concentrate flows to a state-controlled road.	
	AND	
	AO11.3 Stormwater run-off is discharged to a lawful point of discharge.	
	AND	
	AO11.4 Development does not worsen the condition of an existing lawful point of discharge to the state- controlled road .	
Flooding		
PO12 Development does not result in a material worsening of flooding impacts within a state - controlled road .	AO12.1 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development results in negligible impacts (within +/- 10mm) to existing flood levels within a state-controlled road.	The proposal does not change or materially impact the flooding impacts on the state-controlled road network.
	AND	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	 AO12.2 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development results in negligible impacts (up to a 10% increase) to existing peak velocities within a state-controlled road. AND AO12.3 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development results in negligible impacts (up to a 10% increase) to existing time of submergence of a state-controlled road. 	
Drainage Infrastructure		
P013 Drainage infrastructure does not create a safety hazard for users in the state-controlled road .	 AO13.1 Drainage infrastructure is wholly contained within the development site, except at the lawful point of discharge. AND AO13.2 Drainage infrastructure can be maintained without requiring access to a state-controlled road. 	The proposal does not change the existing drainage infrastructure within or nearby the state-controlled road network.
PO14 Drainage infrastructure associated with, or within, a state-controlled road is constructed, and designed to ensure the structural integrity and physical condition of existing drainage infrastructure and the surrounding drainage network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not change the existing drainage infrastructure within or nearby the state-controlled road network.

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Table 1.2 Vehicular access, road layout and local roads

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
Vehicular access to a state-controlled road or within 10	00 metres of a state-controlled road intersection	
PO15 The location, design and operation of a new or changed access to a state-controlled road does not compromise the safety of users of the state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not include new or changed access to the state-controlled road network.
PO16 The location, design and operation of a new or changed access does not adversely impact the functional requirements of the state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not include new or changed access to the state-controlled road network.
PO17 The location, design and operation of a new or changed access is consistent with the future intent of the state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not include new or changed access to the state-controlled road network.
 PO18 New or changed access is consistent with the access for the relevant limited access road policy: 1. LAR 1 where direct access is prohibited; or 2. LAR 2 where access may be permitted, subject to assessment. 	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not include new or changed access to the state-controlled road network.
PO19 New or changed access to a local road within 100 metres of an intersection with a state-controlled road does not compromise the safety of users of the state- controlled road.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not include new or changed access to the state-controlled road network.
PO20 New or changed access to a local road within 100 metres of an intersection with a state-controlled road	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not include new or changed access to the state-controlled road network.

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Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
does not adversely impact on the operating		
performance of the intersection.		
Public passenger transport and active transport		
PO21 Development does not compromise the safety of users	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not adversely affect or
of public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and active transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	transport infrastructure.
PO22		
Development maintains the ability for people to access public passenger transport infrastructure , public passenger services and active transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not adversely affect the ability for people to access public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and active transport infrastructure.
PO23		
Development does not adversely impact the operating performance of public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and active transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not adversely affect the operating performance of public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and active transport infrastructure.
PO24		
Development does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not adversely affect the structural integrity or physical condition of public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure.

Table 1.3 Network impacts

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO25		
Development does not compromise the safety of users	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will have no impact on the
of the state-controlled road network.		safety of users of the state-controlled road network.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO26 Development ensures no net worsening of the operating performance of the state-controlled road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not result in a net worsening of the operating performance of the state-controlled road network.
PO27 Traffic movements are not directed onto a state - controlled road where they can be accommodated on the local road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not alter or reduce the existing site accesses, including multiple existing access points to the surrounding local road network.
PO28 Development involving haulage exceeding 10,000 tonnes per year does not adversely impact the pavement of a state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development does not involve haulage.
PO29 Development does not impede delivery of planned upgrades of state-controlled roads.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will have no impact on the delivery of planned upgrades of state-controlled roads.
PO30 Development does not impede delivery of corridor improvements located entirely within the state- controlled road corridor.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will have no impact on the delivery of corridor improvements located entirely within the state-controlled road corridor.

Table 1.4 Filling, excavation, building foundations and retaining structures

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO31 Development does not create a safety hazard for users of the state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not include filling, excavation, building foundations or retaining structures within proximity to the state-controlled road network.
PO32 Development does not adversely impact the operating performance of the state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not include filling, excavation,



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
		building foundations or retaining structures within proximity to the state-controlled road network.
PO33 Development does not undermine, damage or cause subsidence of a state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not include filling, excavation, building foundations or retaining structures within proximity to the state-controlled road network.
PO34 Development does not cause ground water disturbance in a state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not include filling, excavation, building foundations or retaining structures within proximity to the state-controlled road network.
PO35 Excavation, boring, piling, blasting and fill compaction do not adversely impact the physical condition or structural integrity of a state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not include filling, excavation, building foundations or retaining structures within proximity to the state-controlled road network.
PO36 Filling and excavation associated with the construction of new or changed access do not compromise the operation or capacity of existing drainage infrastructure for a state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not include filling, excavation, building foundations or retaining structures within proximity to the state-controlled road network.

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Table 1.5 Environmental emissions

Statutory note: Where a **state-controlled road** is co-located in the same transport corridor as a railway, the development should instead comply with Environmental emissions in State code 2: Development in a railway environment.

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response			
Reconfiguring a lot					
Involving the creation of 5 or fewer new residential lots adjacent to a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor					
PO37 Development minimises free field noise intrusion from a state-controlled road.	 AO37.1 Development provides a noise barrier or earth mound which is designed, sited and constructed: to achieve the maximum free field acoustic levels in reference table 2 (item 2.1); in accordance with: Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013; Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019; Technical Specification-MRTS04 General 	The proposal includes not change or addition to accommodation activities on site.			
	 C. Technical specification-init (So4 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020. OR AO37.2 Development achieves the maximum free field acoustic levels in reference table 2 (item 2.1) by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound. OR AO37.3 Development provides a solid gap-free fence or other 				



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	solid gap-free structure along the full extent of the	
	boundary closest to the state-controlled road.	
	s adjacent to a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-mod	al corridor
PO38	AO38.1	
Reconfiguring a lot minimises free field noise intrusion	Development provides noise barrier or earth mound	The proposal includes not change or addition to
from a state-controlled road.	which is designed, sited and constructed:	accommodation activities on site.
	 to achieve the maximum free field acoustic levels in reference table 2 (item 2.1); in accordance with: Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013; Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019; Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020. 	
	OR	
	AO38.2 Development achieves the maximum free field acoustic levels in reference table 2 (item 2.1) by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.	
Material change of use (accommodation activity)		
Ground floor level requirements adjacent to a state-co	ntrolled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor	
PO39	AO39.1	
Development minimises noise intrusion from a state-	Development provides a noise barrier or earth mound	The proposal includes not change to accommodation
controlled road in private open space.	which is designed, sited and constructed:	activities on site.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	 to achieve the maximum free field acoustic levels in reference table 2 (item 2.2) for private open space at the ground floor level; in accordance with: Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013; Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019; Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020. 	
	OR AO39.2 Development achieves the maximum free field acoustic level in reference table 2 (item 2.2) for private open space by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.	
PO40 Development (excluding a relevant residential building or relocated building) minimises noise intrusion from a state-controlled road in habitable rooms at the facade.	 AO40.1 Development (excluding a relevant residential building or relocated building) provides a noise barrier or earth mound which is designed, sited and constructed: 1. to achieve the maximum building façade acoustic level in reference table 1 (item 1.1) for habitable rooms; 2. in accordance with: a. Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of 	The proposal includes not change to accommodation activities on site.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	 Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013; b. Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019; c. Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020. 	
	OR AO40.2 Development (excluding a relevant residential building or relocated building) achieves the maximum building façade acoustic level in reference table 1 (item 1.1) for habitable rooms by alternative noise attenuation measures where it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.	
PO41 Habitable rooms (excluding a relevant residential building or relocated building) are designed and constructed using materials to achieve the maximum internal acoustic level in reference table 3 (item 3.1).	No acceptable outcome is provided.	The proposal includes not change to accommodation activities on site.
	on activity) adjacent to a state-controlled road or type 1 i	multi-modal corridor
PO42Balconies, podiums, and roof decks include:1. a continuous solid gap-free structure or	No acceptable outcome is provided.	The proposal includes not change to accommodation activities on site.
 balustrade (excluding gaps required for drainage purposes to comply with the Building Code of Australia); 2. highly acoustically absorbent material treatment for the total area of the soffit above balconies, 		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
podiums, and roof decks.		
PO43 Habitable rooms (excluding a relevant residential building or relocated building) are designed and constructed using materials to achieve the maximum internal acoustic level in reference table 3 (item 3.1).	No acceptable outcome is provided.	The proposal includes not change to accommodation activities on site.
Material change of use (other uses)		
	cational establishment, hospital) adjacent to a state-con	trolled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor
PO44 Development:	No acceptable outcome is provided.	The proposal is not for a childcare centre, educational establishment or hospital.
 provides a noise barrier or earth mound that is designed, sited and constructed: a.to achieve the maximum free field acoustic level in reference table 2 (item 2.3) for all outdoor education areas and outdoor play areas; b. in accordance with: Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013; Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019; Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020; or achieves the maximum free field acoustic level in reference table 2 (item 2.3) for all outdoor education areas and outdoor play areas by 		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
alternative noise attenuation measures where		
it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or earth mound.		
PO45		
Development involving a childcare centre	No acceptable outcome is provided.	The proposal is not for a childcare centre, educational
or educational establishment:		establishment or hospital.
1. provides a noise barrier or earth mound that is designed, sited and constructed:		
 to achieve the maximum building facade acoustic level in reference table 1 (item 1.2); 		
3. in accordance with:		
a. Chapter 7 integrated noise barrier design of		
the Transport Noise Management Code of Practice: Volume 1 (Road Traffic Noise), Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2013;		
b. Technical Specification-MRTS15 Noise		
Fences, Transport and Main Roads, 2019;		
 c. Technical Specification-MRTS04 General Earthworks, Transport and Main Roads, 2020; or 		
4. achieves the maximum building facade acoustic		
level in reference table 1 (item 1.2) by		
alternative noise attenuation measures where		
it is not practical to provide a noise barrier or		
earth mound.		
PO46		
Development involving:	No acceptable outcome is provided.	The proposal is not for a childcare centre, educational establishment or hospital.
1. indoor education areas and indoor play areas; or		
2. sleeping rooms in a childcare centre ; or		
3. patient care areas in a hospital achieves the		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
maximum internal acoustic level in reference table 3 (items 3.2-3.4).		
Above ground floor level requirements (childcare cent	re, educational establishment, hospital) adjacent to a sta	ate-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor
 PO47 Development involving a childcare centre or educational establishment which have balconies, podiums or elevated outdoor play areas predicted to exceed the maximum free field acoustic level in reference table 2 (item 2.3) due to noise from a state-controlled road are provided with: 1. a continuous solid gap-free structure or balustrade (excluding gaps required for drainage purposes to comply with the Building Code of Australia); 2. highly acoustically absorbent material treatment for the total area of the soffit above balconies or elevated outdoor play areas. 	No acceptable outcome is provided.	The proposal is not for a childcare centre, educational establishment or hospital.
 PO48 Development including: indoor education areas and indoor play areas in a childcare centre or educational establishment; or sleeping rooms in a childcare centre; or patient care areas in a hospital located above ground level, is designed and constructed to achieve the maximum internal acoustic level in reference table 3 (items 3.2-3.4). 	No acceptable outcome is provided.	The proposal is not for a childcare centre, educational establishment or hospital.
Air, light and vibration		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO49 Private open space, outdoor education areas and outdoor play areas are protected from air quality impacts from a state-controlled road.	AO49.1 Each dwelling or unit has access to a private open space which is shielded from a state-controlled road by a building, solid gap-free fence, or other solid gap- free structure.	The proposal does not include dwellings or private open space, outdoor education areas or outdoor play areas required to be protected from air quality impacts from the state-controlled road network
	OR AO49.2 Each outdoor education area and outdoor play area is shielded from a state-controlled road by a building, solid gap-free fence, or other solid gap-free structure.	
PO50 Patient care areas within hospitals are protected from vibration impacts from a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor.	 AO50.1 Hospitals are designed and constructed to ensure vibration in the patient treatment area does not exceed a vibration dose value of 0.1m/s^{1.75}. AND AO50.2 Hospitals are designed and constructed to ensure vibration in the ward of a patient care area does not exceed a vibration dose value of 0.4m/s^{1.75}. 	The proposal is not for a hospital.
 PO51 Development is designed and sited to ensure light from infrastructure within, and from users of, a state-controlled road or type 1 multi-modal corridor, does not: intrude into buildings during night hours (10pm to 6am); create unreasonable disturbance during evening hours (6pm to 10pm). 	No acceptable outcomes are prescribed.	The proposed use of the site and form of the buildings means that this element is of little relevance.



Table 1.6: Development in a future state-controlled road environment

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO52	A052.1	
Development does not impede delivery of a future state-controlled road.	Development is not located in a future state- controlled road .	The proposed development does not impact on the ability to deliver a future state-controlled road.
	OR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING APPLY:	
	AO52.2 Development does not involve filling and excavation of, or material changes to, a future state-controlled road .	
	AND	
	AO52.3 The intensification of lots does not occur within a future state-controlled road .	
	AND	
	AO52.4 Development does not result in the landlocking of parcels once a future state-controlled road is delivered.	
PO53	A053.1	
The location and design of new or changed access does not create a safety hazard for users of a future state-controlled road .	Development does not include new or changed access to a future state-controlled road .	The proposed development does not include new or changed access to a future or existing state-controlled road.
P054		
Filling, excavation, building foundations and retaining structures do not undermine, damage or cause subsidence of a future state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not include works for filling, excavation, building foundations or retaining structures. Therefore the proposal will not undermine, damage or cause subsidence of a future or existing state- controlled road.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO55 Development does not result in a material worsening of stormwater, flooding, overland flow or drainage impacts in a future state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development does not result in a material worsening of stormwater, flooding, overland flow or drainage impacts on future state-controlled roads or road transport infrastructure.
PO56 Development ensures that stormwater is lawfully discharged.	AO56.1Development does not create any new points of discharge to a future state-controlled road.ANDAO56.2Development does not concentrate flows to a future state-controlled road.ANDAO56.3Stormwater run-off is discharged to a lawful point of discharge.ANDAO56.4Development does not worsen the condition of an existing lawful point of discharge to the future state- controlled road.	The existing site will continue to discharge stormwater to a lawful point, being the surrounding road and associated stormwater drainage network.

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9.1.11 SDAP Code 6 - SDAP State Code 6 - Protection of state transport networks

Performance Outcomes and Acceptable Outcomes

Table 6.2 Development in general

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
Network impacts		
PO1 Development does not compromise the safety of users of the state-controlled road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not compromise the safety of users of the state-controlled road network.
PO2 Development does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of a state- controlled road or road transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of a state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure.
PO3 Development ensures no net worsening of the operating performance the state-controlled road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will ensure no net worsening of the operating performance the state-controlled road network.
PO4 Traffic movements are not directed onto a state- controlled road where they can be accommodated on the local road network.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not change the existing traffic movements to or from the site and does not propose alteration of addition to the access points to the surrounding road network, including the state-controlled road network.
PO5 Development involving haulage exceeding 10,000 tonnes per year does not damage the pavement of a state-controlled road .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development does not involve such haulage.
PO6 Development does not require a new railway level	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not impact a railway



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
crossing.		corridor or rail transport infrastructure.
PO7 Development does not adversely impact the		The proposed development will not impact a railway
operating performance of an existing railway crossing.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	corridor or rail transport infrastructure.
PO8		
Development does not adversely impact on the safety of an existing railway crossing .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not impact a railway corridor or rail transport infrastructure.
PO9		
Development is designed and constructed to allow for on-site circulation to ensure vehicles do not queue in a railway crossing .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not impact a railway corridor or rail transport infrastructure.
PO10		
Development does not create a safety hazard within the railway corridor .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not impact a railway corridor or rail transport infrastructure.
P011		
Development does not adversely impact the operating performance of the railway corridor .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not impact a railway corridor or rail transport infrastructure.
PO12		
Development does not interfere with or obstruct the railway transport infrastructure or other rail infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not impact a railway corridor or rail transport infrastructure.
PO13 Development does not adversely impact the		
structural integrity or physical condition of a railway corridor or rail transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposed development will not impact a railway corridor or rail transport infrastructure.
Stormwater and overland flow		



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO14 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not create or exacerbate a safety hazard for users of a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	No change or addition to stormwater run-off or overland flow will result from the development site to create or exacerbate a safety hazard for users of a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure.
PO15 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not result in a material worsening of operating performance of a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	No change or addition to stormwater run-off or overland flow will result from the development site to create a material worsening of operating performance of a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure.
PO16 Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not interfere with the structural integrity or physical condition of the state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	Stormwater run-off or overland flow from the development site does not create or exacerbate a safety hazard for users of a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure.
PO17 Development associated with a state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure ensures that stormwater is lawfully discharged.	AO17.1 Development does not create any new points of discharge to a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure. AND	The proposed development does not create any new points of discharge to a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure.
	AO17.2 Development does not concentrate flows to a state transport corridor. AND	
	AO17.3 Stormwater run-off is discharged to a lawful point of	



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	discharge.	
	AND	
	AO17.4 Development does not worsen the condition of an existing lawful point of discharge to a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure.	
Flooding		
PO18 Development does not result in a material worsening of flooding impacts within a state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure	 For a state-controlled road or road transport infrastructure, all of the following apply: AO18.1 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development ensures there are negligible impacts (within +/- 10mm) to existing flood levels within a state transport corridor. AND AO18.2 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development ensures there are negligible impacts (up to a 10% increase) to existing peak velocities within a state transport corridor. AND AO18.3 For all flood events up to 1% annual exceedance probability, development ensures there are negligible impacts (up to a 10% increase) to existing peak velocities within a state transport corridor. 	The proposal will not result in a material worsening of flooding impacts within the state transport corridor or state transport infrastructure



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	No acceptable outcome is prescribed for a railway corridor or rail transport infrastructure .	
Drainage infrastructure		
PO19 Drainage infrastructure does not create a safety hazard in a state transport corridor .	 For a state-controlled road environment, both of the following apply: AO19.1 Drainage infrastructure associated with, or in a state-controlled road is wholly contained within the development site, except at the lawful point of discharge. AND 	The proposal will not adversely impact on existing drainage infrastructure within State Controlled Road transport infrastructure.
	 AO19.2 Drainage infrastructure can be maintained without requiring access to a state transport corridor. For a railway environment both of the following apply: AO19.3 Drainage infrastructure associated with a railway corridor or rail transport infrastructure is wholly contained within the development site. AND 	
PO20	AO19.4 Drainage infrastructure can be maintained without requiring access to a state transport corridor .	
Drainage infrastructure associated with, or in a state -	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal will not adversely impact on existing



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
controlled road or road transport infrastructure is constructed and designed to ensure the structural integrity and physical condition of existing drainage infrastructure and the surrounding drainage network is maintained.		drainage infrastructure within State Controlled Road transport infrastructure.
Planned upgrades		
PO21 Development does not impede delivery of planned upgrades of state transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal will not disaffect any planned upgrades.



Table 6.3 Public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport

Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO22 Development does not damage or interfere with public passenger transport infrastructure, active transport infrastructure or public passenger services.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal will not damage or interfere with public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services or active transport infrastructure.
PO23 Development does not compromise the safety of public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and active transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal will not disaffect the safety of public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services or active transport infrastructure.
PO24 Development does not adversely impact the operating performance of public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and active transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal will not disaffect the operating performance of public passenger transport infrastructure, public passenger services and active transport infrastructure.
PO25 Development does not adversely impact the structural integrity or physical condition of public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal will not disaffect the structural integrity or physical condition of public passenger transport infrastructure or active transport infrastructure.
PO26 Upgraded or new public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure is provided to accommodate the demand for public passenger transport and active transport generated by the development.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not propose new or upgraded public passenger transport infrastructure or active transport infrastructure



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO27 Development is designed to ensure the location of public passenger transport infrastructure prioritises and enables efficient public passenger services .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The location of public passenger transport infrastructure will not result in the creation of inefficient public passenger services.
PO28 Development enables the provision or extension of public passenger services, public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure to the development and avoids creating indirect or inefficient routes for public passenger services.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal will not disaffect any public passenger services or public passenger transport infrastructure or active transport infrastructure to the development. The proposal will not result in creating indirect or inefficient routes for public passenger services.
PO29 New or modified road networks are designed to enable development to be serviced by public passenger services.	 AO29.1 Roads catering for buses are arterial or sub-arterial roads, collector or their equivalent. AND AO29.2 Roads intended to accommodate buses are designed and constructed in accordance with: 1. Road Planning and Design Manual, 2nd Edition, Volume 3 – Guide to Road Design; Department of Transport and Main Roads; 2. Supplement to Austroads Guide to Road Design (Parts 3, 4-4C and 6), Department of Transport and Main Roads; 3. Austroads Guide to Road Design (Parts 3, 4-4C and 6); 4. Austroads Design Vehicles and Turning Path Templates; 5. Queensland Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices, Part 13: Local Area Traffic Management 	The proposal will create new, or modify existing road networks that cater to the servicing of the development by public passenger services.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
	and AS 1742.13-2009 Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices – Local Area Traffic Management;	
	AND	
	AO29.3 Traffic calming devices are not installed on roads used for buses in accordance with section 2.3.2 Bus Route Infrastructure, Public Transport Infrastructure Manual, Department of Transport and Main Roads, 2015.	
PO30 Development provides safe, direct and convenient access to existing and future public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure .	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal does not disaffect safe, direct and convenient access to existing and future public passenger transport infrastructure and active transport infrastructure.
PO31 On-site vehicular circulation ensures the safety of both public passenger transport services and pedestrians.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal appropriately lays out the carparking areas to ensure safety for both pedestrians and public passenger transport services.
PO32 Taxi facilities are provided to accommodate the demand generated by the development.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The subject site has significant and multiple road frontages to allow for the installation of the listed requirements.
PO33 Facilities are provided to accommodate the demand generated by the development for community transport services, courtesy transport services, and booked hire services other than taxis.	No acceptable outcome is prescribed.	The proposal provides for facilities to cater to demand generated by the development for community transport services, courtesy transport services, and booked hire services other than taxis.



Performance outcomes	Acceptable outcomes	Response
PO34	AO34.1	
Faxi facilities are located and designed to	A taxi facility is provided parallel to the kerb and	The subject site has significant and multiple road
provide convenient, safe and equitable access for	adjacent to the main entrance.	frontages to allow for the installation of the listed
bassengers.		requirements.
	AND	
	A034.2	
	Taxi facilities are designed in accordance with:	
	1. AS2890.5–1993 Parking facilities – on-street	
	parking and AS1428.1–2009 Design for access and	
	mobility – general requirements for access – new	
	building work;	
	2. AS1742.11–1999 Parking controls – manual of	
	uniform traffic control devices	
	3. AS/NZS 2890.6–2009 Parking facilities –off street	
	parking for people with disabilities;	
	4. Disability standards for accessible public	
	5. transport 2002 made under section 31(1) of the	
	Disability Discrimination Act 1992;	
	6. AS/NZS 1158.3.1 – Lighting for roads and public	
	spaces, Part 3.1: Pedestrian area (category P) lighting – Performance and design requirements;	
	7. Chapter 7 Taxi Facilities, Public Transport	
	Infrastructure Manual, Department of Transport	
	and Main Roads, 2015.	
PO35	A035.1	
Educational establishments are designed to ensure the		The proposal is not for an Educational establishment
safe and efficient operation of public passenger	with the provisions of the Planning for Safe Transport	
services, pedestrian and cyclist access and active	Infrastructure at Schools, Department of Transport and	
ransport infrastructure.	Main Roads, 2011.	



Traffic Impact Assessment

55 Barkly Highway, Miles End Barkly Hotel Expansion Development





Document Information

Prepared	or ALH Group Pty Ltd c/- Cayas and Ward	Job Reference MOD23393QLD
Project:	55 Barkly Highway, Miles End	
	Barkly Hotel Development Extension	

Document Control

Ver	rsion	Date	Description of Revision	Prepared by	Approved By
	A	12/04/2024	Final	BF	HS

RPEQ Certification

Harj Singh Director

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RPEQ 22364

MOUNT ISA CITY COUNCIL DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL

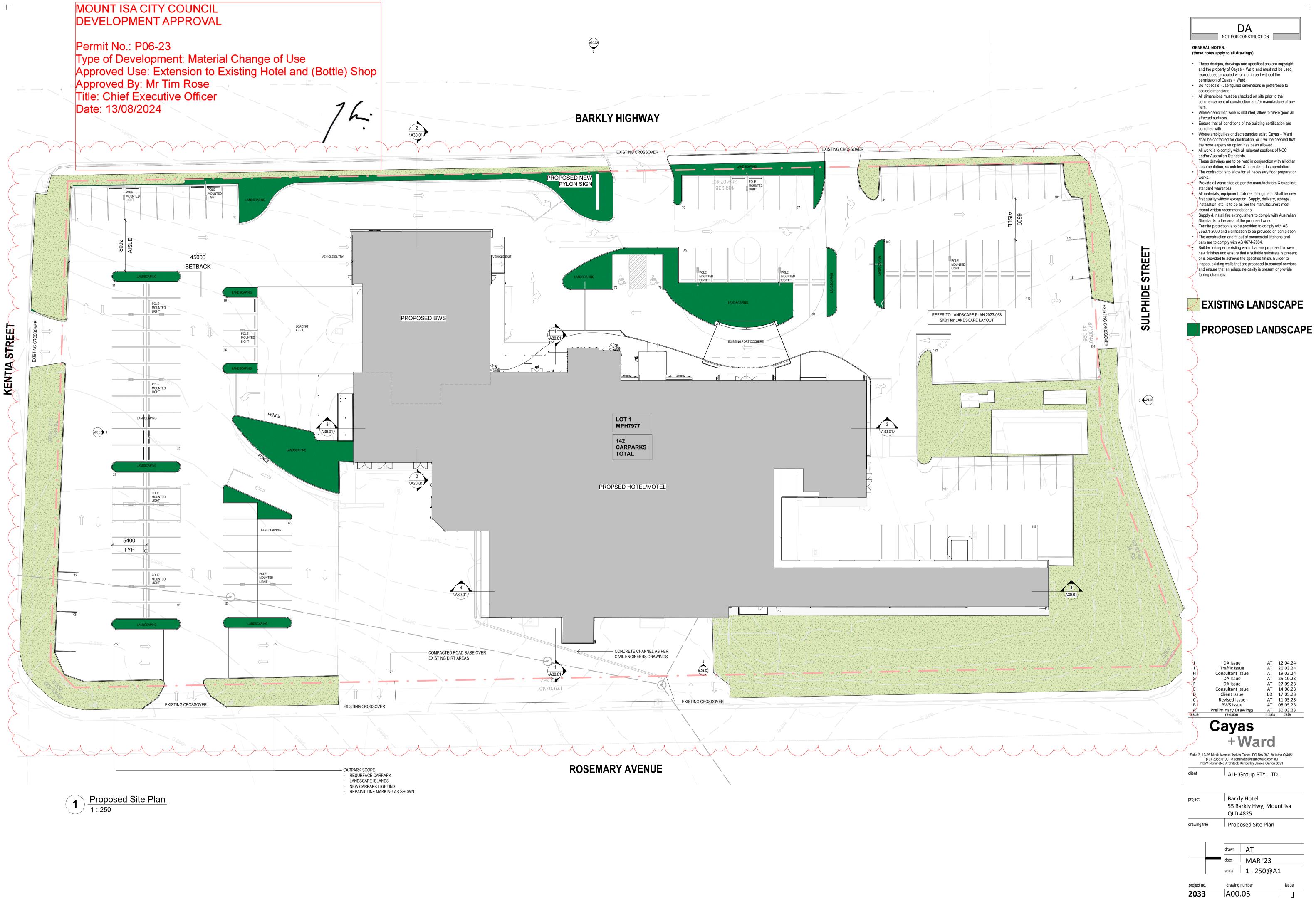
Permit No.: P06-23 Type of Development: Material Change of Use Approved Use: Extension to Existing Hotel and (Bottle) Shop Approved By: Mr Tim Rose Title: Chief Executive Officer Date: 13/08/2024

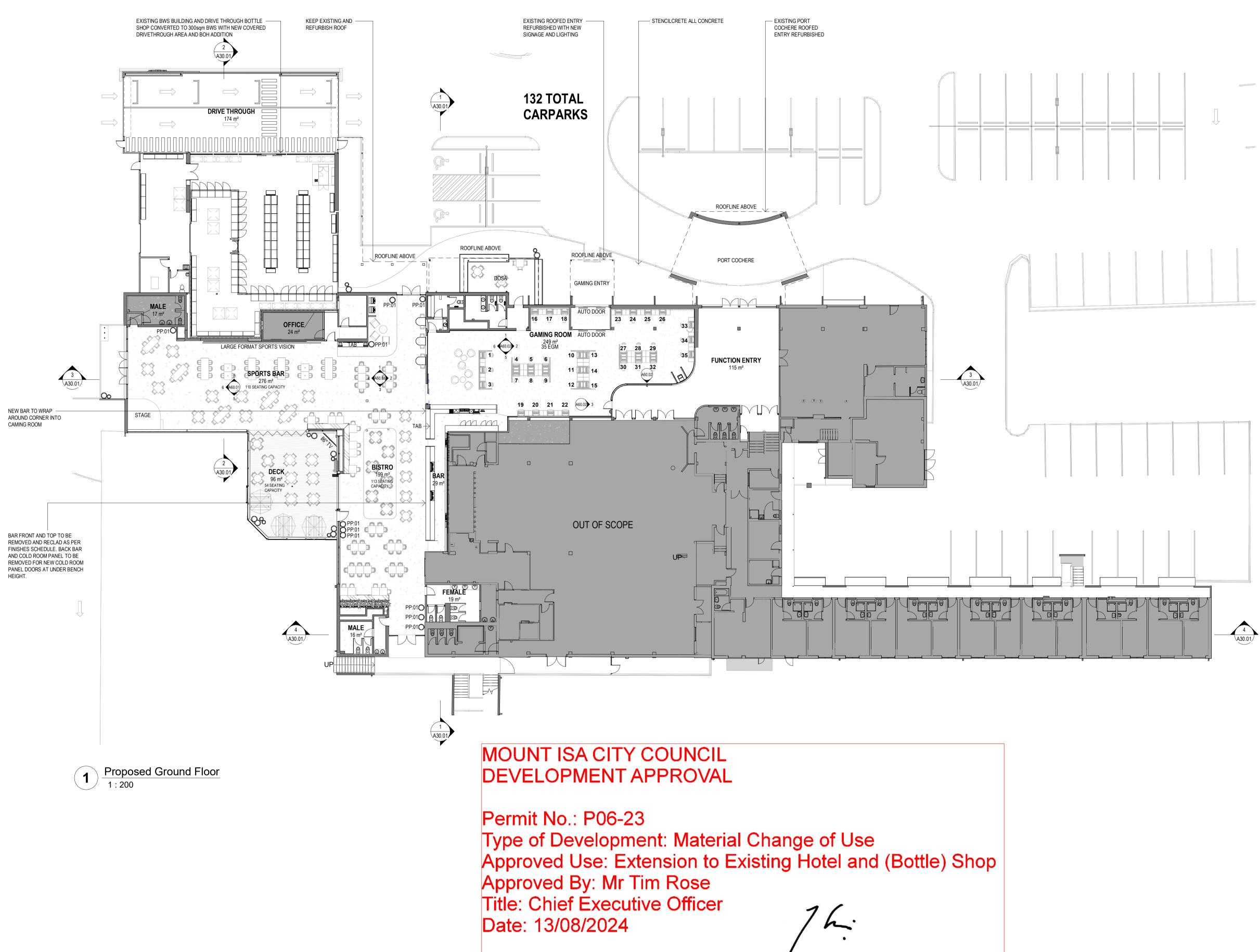
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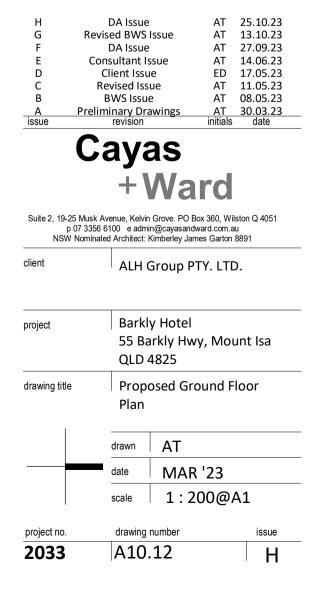


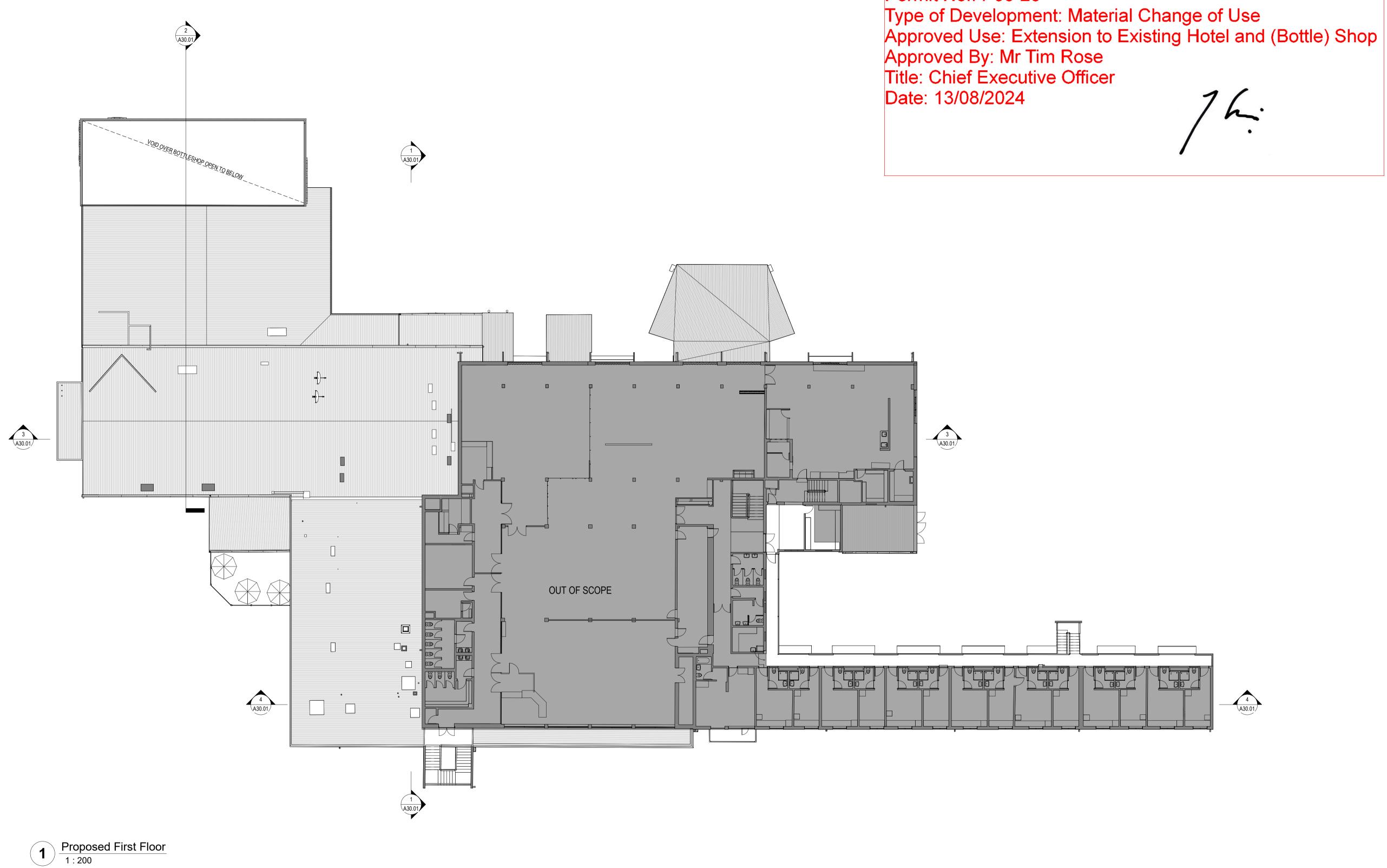
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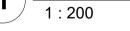
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- Provide all warranties as per the manufacturers & suppliers standard warranties.
- All materials, equipment, fixtures, fittings, etc. Shall be new first quality without exception. Supply, delivery, storage, installation, etc. Is to be as per the manufacturers most recent written recommendations.
- Supply & install fire extinguishers to comply with Australian Standards to the area of the proposed work. Termite protection is to be provided to comply with AS
- 3660.1-2000 and clarification to be provided on completion. The construction and fit out of commercial kitchens and
- bars are to comply with AS 4674-2004. Builder to inspect existing walls that are proposed to have new finishes and ensure that a suitable substrate is present or is provided to achieve the specified finish. Builder to inspect existing walls that are proposed to conceal services and ensure that an adequate cavity is present or provide furring channels.







MOUNT ISA CITY COUNCIL **DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL**

Permit No.: P06-23

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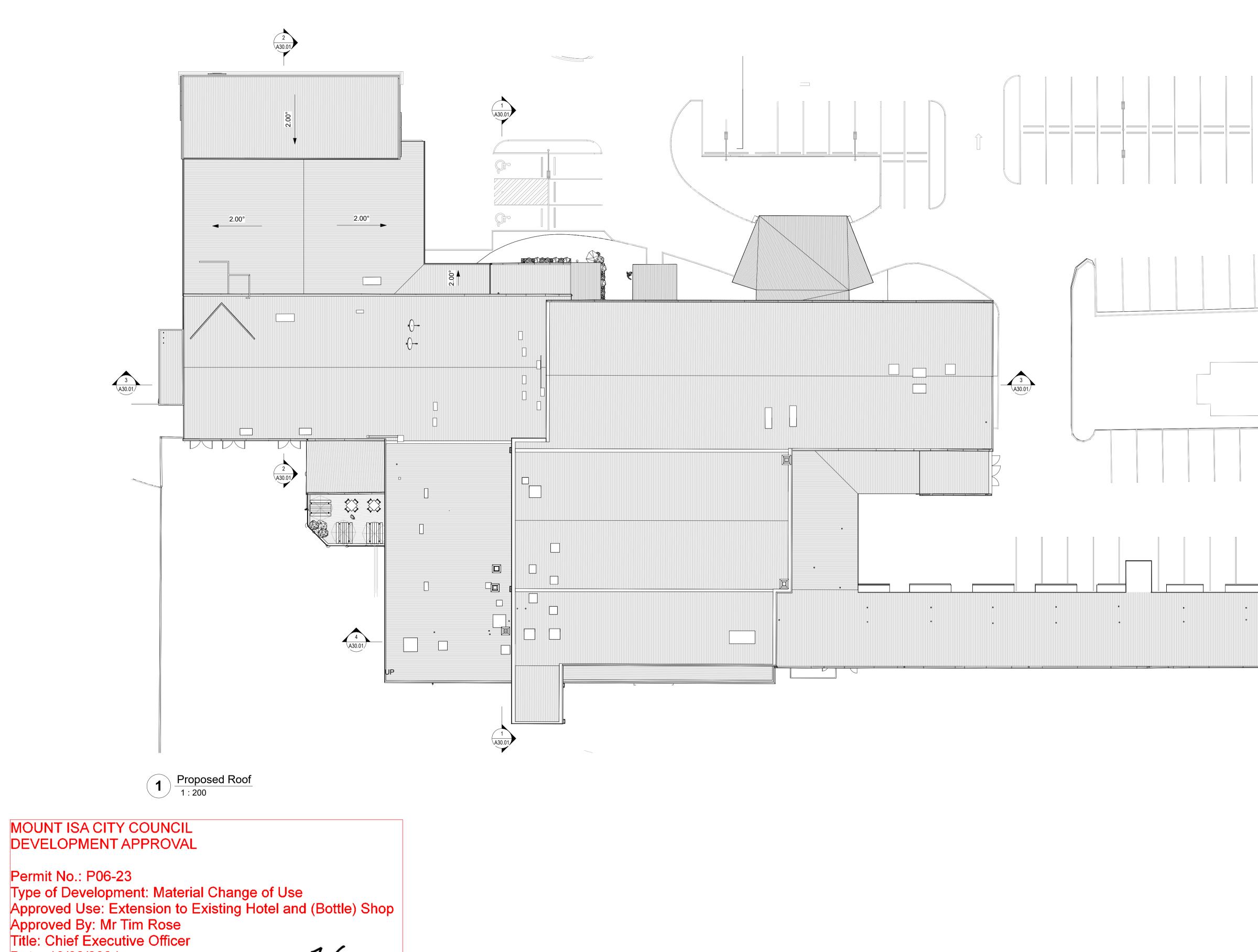
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client		ALH Group PTY. LTD.								
project		y Hotel Irkly Hwy 1825	, Μοι	unt Isa						
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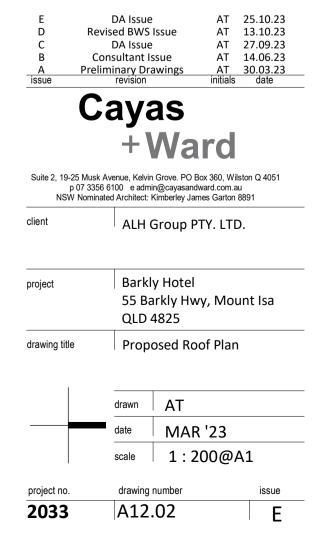
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4 (A30.01)



Approved By: Mr Tim Rose Title: Chief Executive Officer Date: 13/08/2024



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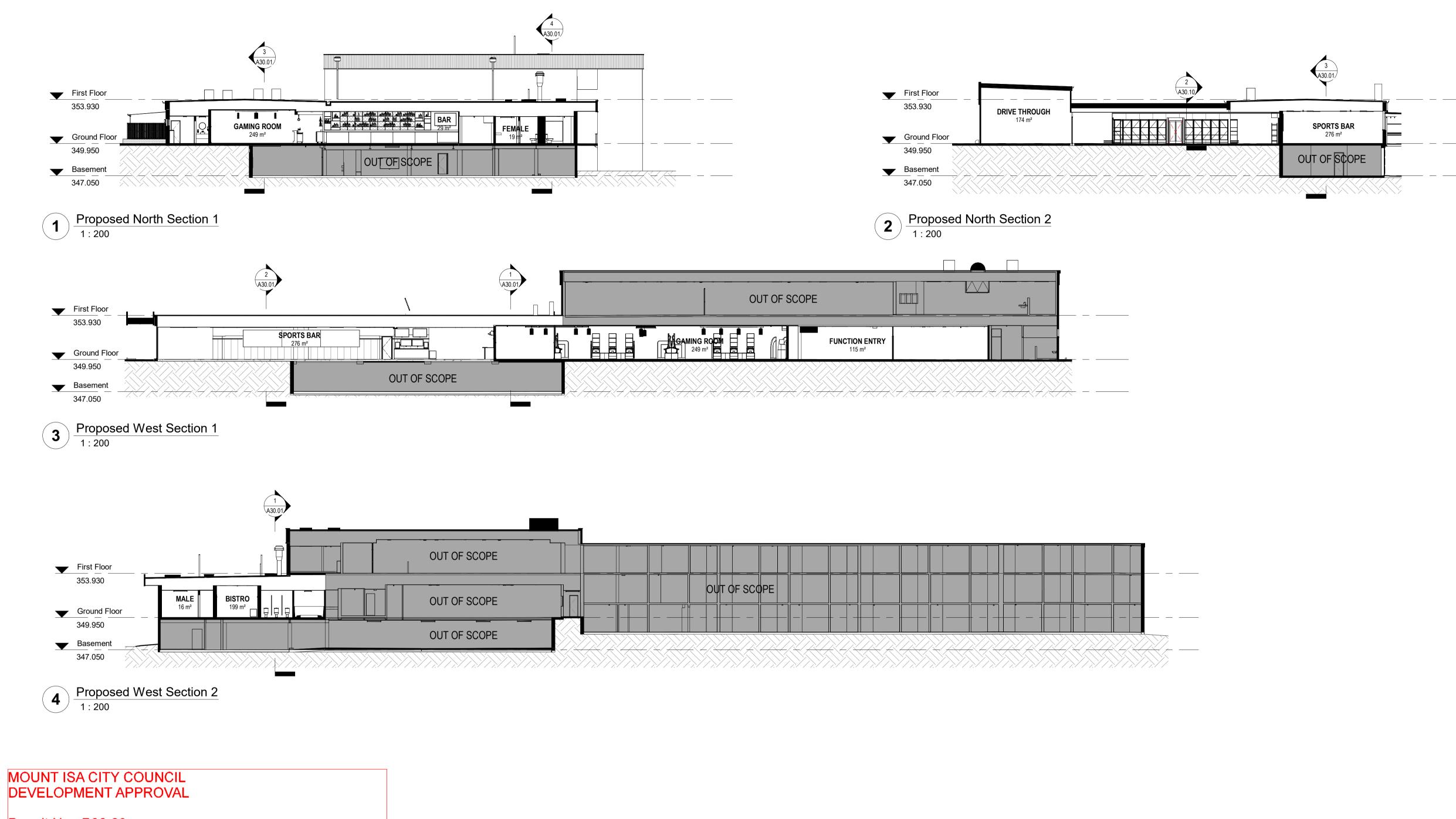
GENERAL NOTES:

(these notes apply to all drawings)

- These designs, drawings and specifications are copyright and the property of Cayas + Ward and must not be used, reproduced or copied wholly or in part without the permission of Cayas + Ward.
- Do not scale use figured dimensions in preference to scaled dimensions.
 All dimensions must be checked on site prior to the
- commencement of construction and/or manufacture of any item.
- Where demolition work is included, allow to make good all affected surfaces.Ensure that all conditions of the building certification are
- complied with.
 Where ambiguities or discrepancies exist, Cayas + Ward shall be contacted for clarification, or it will be deemed that the more expensive option has been allowed.
- All work is to comply with all relevant sections of NCC and/or Australian Standards.
 These drawings are to be read in conjunction with all other
- documentation, schedules & consultant documentation.
 The contractor is to allow for all necessary floor preparation works.
- works.
 Provide all warranties as per the manufacturers & suppliers standard warranties.
- All materials, equipment, fixtures, fittings, etc. Shall be new first quality without exception. Supply, delivery, storage, installation, etc. Is to be as per the manufacturers most recent written recommendations.
- Supply & install fire extinguishers to comply with Australian Standards to the area of the proposed work.
 Termite protection is to be provided to comply with AS
- 3660.1-2000 and clarification to be provided to completion.
 The construction and fit out of commercial kitchens and
- bars are to comply with AS 4674-2004.
 Builder to inspect existing walls that are proposed to have new finishes and ensure that a suitable substrate is present or is provided to achieve the specified finish. Builder to inspect existing walls that are proposed to conceal services and ensure that an adequate cavity is present or provide furring channels.

E	DA Issue		TD	28.09.23						
D	DA Issue		AT	27.09.23						
С	Consultant Is	sue	AT	14.06.23						
В	Client Issu	e	ED	17.05.23						
A	BWS Issue	5	AT	08.05.23						
issue	revision		initials	date						
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AT 25.10.23



Permit No.: P06-23 Type of Development: Material Change of Use Approved Use: Extension to Existing Hotel and (Bottle) Shop Approved By: Mr Tim Rose Title: Chief Executive Officer Date: 13/08/2024

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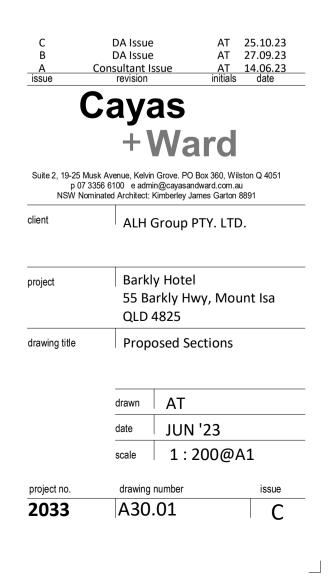
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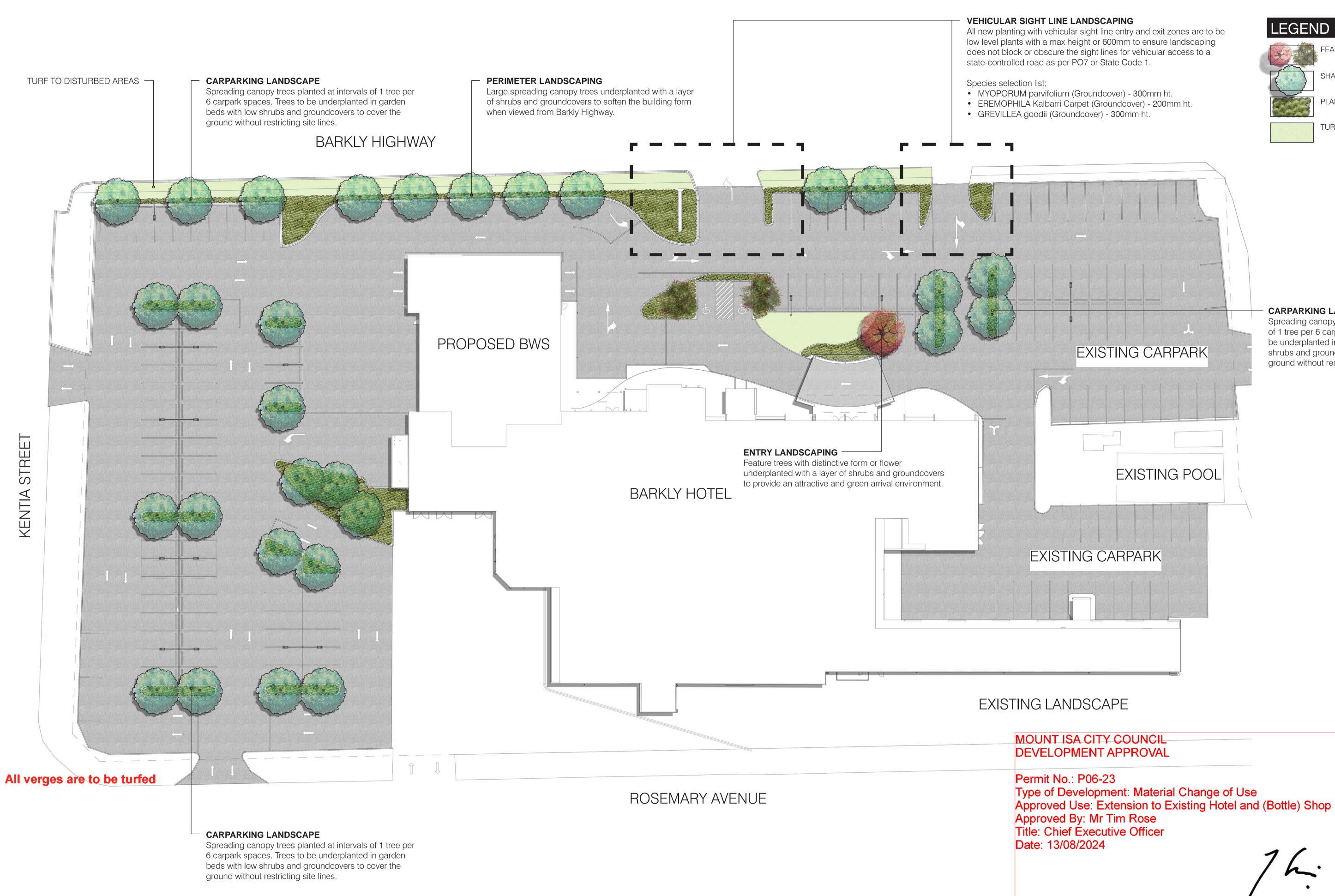
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BARKLY HOTEL, MT. ISA - Landscape Concept

ALH Group CLIENT SCALE 1:250 @ A1; 1:500 @ A3 APRIL 2024 DATE DRAWING 2023-068 SK01 ISSUE [A]



FEATURE TREE

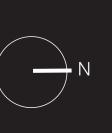
SHADE TREE

PLANTING BED

TURFED AREA

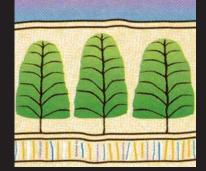
CARPARKING LANDSCAPE

Spreading canopy trees planted at intervals of 1 tree per 6 carpark spaces. Trees to be underplanted in garden beds with low shrubs and groundcovers to cover the ground without restricting site lines.



JEREMY FERRIER LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT

P: 07 3844 0700 E: jeremy@jeremyferrier.com.au



PLANT PALETTE (From City of Mt. Isa Prefered Plant Species List)



Brachychiton rupestris



Delonix regia



Eucalyptus Summer Red



Callistemon Captain Cook



Callistemon Little John



Eremophila maculata Aurea







Dietes bicolour



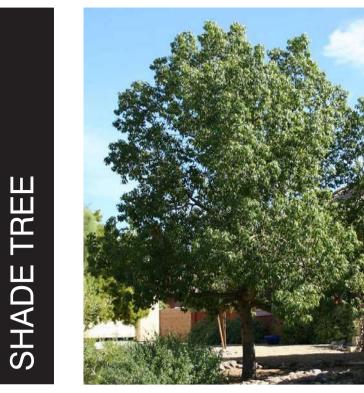
Lomandra hystrix





BARKLY HOTEL, MT. ISA - Landscape Concept

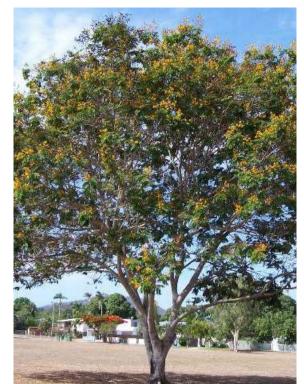
SHRUBS



Brachychiton populneus



Melaleuca leucadendra



Peltophorum pterocarpum

MOUNT ISA CITY COUNCIL **DEVELOPMENT APPROVAL**

Permit No.: P06-23 Type of Development: Material Change of Use Approved Use: Extension to Existing Hotel and (Bottle) Shop Approved By: Mr Tim Rose Title: Chief Executive Officer Date: 13/08/2024

Eremophila maculata Purple



Grevillea Moonlight



Westringia Wynyabbie Gem

Eremophila Kalbarri Carpet



Grevillea goodii



Myoporum parvifolium



CLIENT ALH Group SCALE NTS APRIL 2024 DATE DRAWING 2023-068 SK02 ISSUE [A]

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